

**STAM Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide**  
**Synthetic peptide**  
**Catalog # BP2180b****Specification****STAM Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide -  
Product Information**Primary Accession [Q92783](#)**STAM Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide -  
Additional Information****Gene ID** 8027**Other Names**Signal transducing adapter molecule 1,  
STAM-1, STAM, STAM1**Target/Specificity**

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody [AP2180b](/product/products/AP2180b) was selected from the C-term region of human STAM. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

**Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

**Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**STAM Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide -  
Protein Information****Name** STAM**Synonyms** STAM1**STAM Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide  
- Background**

Stimulation of cells with cytokines initiates a signal transduction cascade involving cytokine receptors, Janus kinases (JAKs) and signal transducers and activators of transcription (STATs). STAM for 'signal-transducing adaptor molecule, induced after stimulation of cells with cytokine IL2, is a component of signal transduction downstream of JAK3.1 Human STAM cDNA cloned from a T-cell cDNA library encodes a 540-amino acid protein precipitated by anti-phosphotyrosine. Northern blot analysis indicates that STAM is expressed as a 2.9-kb message in a wide variety of tissue and cell types. The STAM sequence contains a Src-homology 3 (SH3) domain and an immunoreceptor tyrosine-based activation motif (ITAM). It has been suggested that STAM acts as an adaptor molecule in signal transduction pathways from cytokine receptors.

**Function**

Involved in intracellular signal transduction mediated by cytokines and growth factors. Upon IL-2 and GM-CSL stimulation, it plays a role in signaling leading to DNA synthesis and MYC induction. May also play a role in T-cell development. Involved in down-regulation of receptor tyrosine kinase via multivesicular body (MVBs) when complexed with HGS (ESCRT-0 complex). The ESCRT-0 complex binds ubiquitin and acts as sorting machinery that recognizes ubiquitinated receptors and transfers them to further sequential lysosomal sorting/trafficking processes.

**Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm. Early endosome membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side

**Tissue Location**

Ubiquitously expressed.

**STAM Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide  
- Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)