

Phospho-ZAP70(Y493) Antibody Blocking peptide
Synthetic peptide
Catalog # BP3660a**Specification****Phospho-ZAP70(Y493) Antibody Blocking peptide**
- Product InformationPrimary Accession [P43403](#)**Phospho-ZAP70(Y493) Antibody Blocking peptide**
- Additional Information**Gene ID** 7535**Other Names**Tyrosine-protein kinase ZAP-70, 70 kDa
zeta-chain associated protein, Syk-related
tyrosine kinase, ZAP70, SRK**Target/Specificity**

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody [AP3660a](#) was selected from the region of human Phospho-ZAP70-Y493. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Phospho-ZAP70(Y493) Antibody Blocking peptide
- Protein Information**Name** ZAP70**Phospho-ZAP70(Y493) Antibody Blocking peptide - Background**

ZAP70 is an enzyme belonging to the protein tyrosine kinase family, and it plays a role in T-cell development and lymphocyte activation. This enzyme, which is phosphorylated on tyrosine residues upon T-cell antigen receptor (TCR) stimulation, functions in the initial step of TCR-mediated signal transduction in combination with the Src family kinases, Lck and Fyn. This enzyme is also essential for thymocyte development.

Phospho-ZAP70(Y493) Antibody Blocking peptide - References

Brill,L.M., et.al., Anal. Chem. 76 (10), 2763-2772 (2004)Kuroyama,H., et.al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 315 (4), 935-941 (2004)

Synonyms SRK

Function

Tyrosine kinase that plays an essential role in regulation of the adaptive immune response. Regulates motility, adhesion and cytokine expression of mature T-cells, as well as thymocyte development. Contributes also to the development and activation of primary B- lymphocytes. When antigen presenting cells (APC) activate T-cell receptor (TCR), a serie of phosphorylations lead to the recruitment of ZAP70 to the doubly phosphorylated TCR component CD247/CD3Z through ITAM motif at the plasma membrane. This recruitment serves to localization to the stimulated TCR and to relieve its autoinhibited conformation. Release of ZAP70 active conformation is further stabilized by phosphorylation mediated by LCK. Subsequently, ZAP70 phosphorylates at least 2 essential adapter proteins: LAT and LCP2. In turn, a large number of signaling molecules are recruited and ultimately lead to lymphokine production, T-cell proliferation and differentiation. Furthermore, ZAP70 controls cytoskeleton modifications, adhesion and mobility of T-lymphocytes, thus ensuring correct delivery of effectors to the APC. ZAP70 is also required for TCR-CD247/CD3Z internalization and degradation through interaction with the E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase CBL and adapter proteins SLA and SLA2. Thus, ZAP70 regulates both T-cell activation switch on and switch off by modulating TCR expression at the T-cell surface. During thymocyte development, ZAP70 promotes survival and cell-cycle progression of developing thymocytes before positive selection (when cells are still CD4/CD8 double negative). Additionally, ZAP70-dependent signaling pathway may also contribute to primary B-cells formation and activation through B-cell receptor (BCR).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Note=In quiescent T-lymphocytes, it is cytoplasmic. Upon TCR activation, it is recruited at the plasma membrane by interacting with CD247/CD3Z. Colocalizes together with RHOH in the immunological synapse. RHOH is required for its proper localization to the

cell membrane and cytoskeleton fractions
in the thymocytes (By similarity).

Tissue Location

Expressed in T- and natural killer cells. Also
present in early thymocytes and pro/pre
B-cells

**Phospho-ZAP70(Y493) Antibody Blocking
peptide - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you
may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)