

HSPA5 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide
Synthetic peptide
Catalog # BP5041c**Specification****HSPA5 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide -
Product Information**Primary Accession [P11021](#)**HSPA5 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide -
Additional Information****Gene ID** 3309**Other Names**

78 kDa glucose-regulated protein, GRP-78,
Endoplasmic reticulum lumenal
Ca(2+)-binding protein grp78, Heat shock
70 kDa protein 5, Immunoglobulin heavy
chain-binding protein, BiP, HSPA5, GRP78

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder
format. Peptides can be reconstituted in
solution using the appropriate buffer as
needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6
months. For long term storage store at
-20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not
for use in diagnostic or therapeutic
procedures.

**HSPA5 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide -
Protein Information****Name** HSPA5 ([HGNC:5238](#))**Function**

Endoplasmic reticulum chaperone that
plays a key role in protein folding and
quality control in the endoplasmic reticulum
lumen (PubMed:<a href="http://www.unipro
t.org/citations/2294010"
target="_blank">2294010,
PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci

**HSPA5 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide
- Background**

When Chinese hamster K12 cells are starved
of glucose, the synthesis of several proteins,
called glucose-regulated proteins (GRPs), is
markedly increased. Hendershot et al. (1994)
[PubMed 8020977] pointed out that one of
these, GRP78 (HSPA5), also referred to as
'immunoglobulin heavy chain-binding protein'
(BiP), is a member of the heat-shock protein-70
(HSP70) family and is involved in the folding
and assembly of proteins in the endoplasmic
reticulum (ER). Because so many ER proteins
interact transiently with GRP78, it may play a
key role in monitoring protein transport
through the cell.

**HSPA5 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide
- References**

Zhao, C., et al. J. Med. Virol.
82(1):14-22(2010)Zhuang, L., et al. Mod.
Pathol. 23(1):45-53(2010)Arnaudeau, S., et al.
Proteomics 9(23):5316-5327(2009)

tations/23769672"
target="_blank">23769672,
PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci
tations/23990668"
target="_blank">23990668,
PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci
tations/28332555"
target="_blank">28332555). Involved
in the correct folding of proteins and
degradation of misfolded proteins via its
interaction with DNAJC10/ERdj5, probably to
facilitate the release of DNAJC10/ERdj5 from
its substrate (By similarity). Acts as a key
repressor of the ERN1/IRE1-mediated
unfolded protein response (UPR)
(PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/c
itations/1550958"
target="_blank">1550958,
PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci
tations/19538957"
target="_blank">19538957). In the
unstressed endoplasmic reticulum,
recruited by DNAJB9/ERdj4 to the luminal
region of ERN1/IRE1, leading to disrupt the
dimerization of ERN1/IRE1, thereby
inactivating ERN1/IRE1 (By similarity).
Accumulation of misfolded protein in the
endoplasmic reticulum causes release of
HSPA5/BiP from ERN1/IRE1, allowing
homodimerization and subsequent
activation of ERN1/IRE1 (By similarity).
Plays an auxiliary role in post-translational
transport of small presecretory proteins
across endoplasmic reticulum (ER). May
function as an allosteric modulator for
SEC61 channel-forming translocon complex,
likely cooperating with SEC62 to enable the
productive insertion of these precursors into
SEC61 channel. Appears to specifically
regulate translocation of precursors having
inhibitory residues in their mature region
that weaken channel gating. May also play
a role in apoptosis and cell proliferation
(PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/c
itations/26045166"
target="_blank">26045166).

Cellular Location

Endoplasmic reticulum lumen. Melanosome.
Cytoplasm
{ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P20029}. Cell
surface. Note=Identified by mass
spectrometry in melanosome fractions from
stage I to stage IV

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- Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)