

RBL2/p130 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP6543a

Specification

RBL2/p130 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession <u>Q08999</u>

RBL2/p130 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 5934

Other Names

Retinoblastoma-like protein 2, 130 kDa retinoblastoma-associated protein, p130, Retinoblastoma-related protein 2, RBR-2, pRb2, RBL2, RB2

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody AP6543a was selected from the N-term region of human RBL2/p130. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

RBL2/p130 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

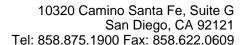
Name RBL2

RBL2/p130 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

RBL2 is a key regulator of entry into cell division. The protein is directly involved in heterochromatin formation by maintaining overall chromatin structure and, in particular, that of constitutive heterochromatin by stabilizing histone methylation. It recruits and targets histone methyltransferases SUV420H1 and SUV420H2, leading to epigenetic transcriptional repression. It controls histone H4 'Lys-20' trimethylation. It probably acts as a transcription repressor by recruiting chromatin-modifying enzymes to promoters.

RBL2/p130 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Priya,K., Cancer Biol. Ther. 8 (8), 714-717 (2009)Fields,A.L., J. Cell. Physiol. 217 (1), 77-85 (2008)Masciullo,V., Clin. Cancer Res. 14 (15), 4775-4779 (2008)





Synonyms RB2

Function

Key regulator of entry into cell division. Directly involved in heterochromatin formation by maintaining overall chromatin structure and, in particular, that of constitutive heterochromatin by stabilizing histone methylation. Recruits and targets histone methyltransferases KMT5B and KMT5C, leading to epigenetic transcriptional repression. Controls histone H4 'Lys-20' trimethylation. Probably acts as a transcription repressor by recruiting chromatin-modifying enzymes to promoters. Potent inhibitor of E2F-mediated trans-activation, associates preferentially with E2F5. Binds to cyclins A and E. Binds to and may be involved in the transforming capacity of the adenovirus E1A protein. May act as a tumor suppressor.

Cellular Location Nucleus.

RBL2/p130 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

• Blocking Peptides