

PIP5K3 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide
Synthetic peptide
Catalog # BP7172a**Specification****PIP5K3 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Product Information**Primary Accession [Q9Y2I7](#)**PIP5K3 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information****Gene ID** 200576**Other Names**

1-phosphatidylinositol 3-phosphate 5-kinase, Phosphatidylinositol 3-phosphate 5-kinase, FYVE finger-containing phosphoinositide kinase, PIKfyve, Phosphatidylinositol 3-phosphate 5-kinase type III, PIPkin-III, Type III PIP kinase, PIKFYVE, KIAA0981, PIP5K3

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody [AP7172a](/product/products/AP7172a) was selected from the Center region of human PIP5K3. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

PIP5K3 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide -**PIP5K3 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Background**

PIP5K3 belongs to a large family of lipid kinases that alter the phosphorylation status of intracellular phosphatidylinositol. Signaling by phosphorylated species of phosphatidylinositol regulates diverse cellular processes, including membrane trafficking and cytoskeletal reorganization.

PIP5K3 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - References

Sbrissa, D., et al., Mol. Cell. Biol. 24(23):10437-10447 (2004). Yang, S.A., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 279(40):42331-42336 (2004). Ikononov, O.C., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 278(51):50863-50871 (2003). Ikononov, O.C., et al., Mol. Biol. Cell 14(11):4581-4591 (2003). Sbrissa, D., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 277(8):6073-6079 (2002).

Protein Information**Name** PIKFYVE ([HGNC:23785](#))**Synonyms** KIAA0981, PIP5K3**Function**

Dual specificity kinase implicated in myriad essential cellular processes such as maintenance of endomembrane homeostasis, and endocytic-vacuolar pathway, lysosomal trafficking, nuclear transport, stress- or hormone-induced signaling and cell cycle progression (PubMed: [23086417](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23086417)). The PI(3,5)P2 regulatory complex regulates both the synthesis and turnover of phosphatidylinositol 3,5-bisphosphate (PtdIns(3,5)P2). Sole enzyme to catalyze the phosphorylation of phosphatidylinositol 3-phosphate on the fifth hydroxyl of the myo- inositol ring, to form (PtdIns(3,5)P2) (PubMed: [17556371](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17556371)). Also catalyzes the phosphorylation of phosphatidylinositol on the fifth hydroxyl of the myo-inositol ring, to form phosphatidylinositol 5- phosphate (PtdIns(5)P) (PubMed: [22621786](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22621786)). Has serine-protein kinase activity and is able to autophosphorylate and transphosphorylate. Autophosphorylation downregulates lipid product formation (By similarity). Involved in key endosome operations such as fission and fusion in the course of endosomal cargo transport (PubMed: [22621786](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22621786)). Required for the maturation of early into late endosomes, phagosomes and lysosomes (PubMed: [30612035](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30612035)). Regulates vacuole maturation and nutrient recovery following engulfment of macromolecules, initiates the redistribution of accumulated lysosomal contents back into the endosome network (PubMed: [27623384](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27623384)). Critical regulator of the morphology, degradative activity, and protein turnover

of the endolysosomal system in macrophages and platelets (By similarity). In neutrophils, critical to perform chemotaxis, generate ROS, and undertake phagosome fusion with lysosomes (PubMed:28779020). Plays a key role in the processing and presentation of antigens by major histocompatibility complex class II (MHC class II) mediated by CTSS (PubMed:30612035). Regulates melanosome biogenesis by controlling the delivery of proteins from the endosomal compartment to the melanosome (PubMed:29584722). Essential for systemic glucose homeostasis, mediates insulin-induced signals for endosome/actin remodeling in the course of GLUT4 translocation/glucose uptake activation (By similarity). Supports microtubule-based endosome- to-trans-Golgi network cargo transport, through association with SPAG9 and RABEPK (By similarity). Mediates EGFR trafficking to the nucleus (PubMed:17909029).

Cellular Location

Endosome membrane; Peripheral membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9Z1T6}. Early endosome membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Cytoplasmic vesicle, phagosome membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Late endosome membrane; Peripheral membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9Z1T6}. Note=Mainly associated with membranes of the late endocytic pathway.

PIP5K3 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)