

GIPR Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP7495b

Specification

GIPR Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Other Accession P48546

GIPR Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody AP7495b was selected from the Center region of human GIPR. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

GIPR Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

GIPR Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

• Blocking Peptides

GIPR Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Background

GIPR also called glucose-dependent insulinotropic polypeptide, is a 42-amino acid polypeptide synthesized by K cells of the duodenum and small intestine. This protein was originally identified as an activity in gut extracts that inhibited gastric acid secretion and gastrin release, but subsequently was demonstrated to stimulate insulin release potently in the presence of elevated glucose. The insulinotropic effect on pancreatic islet beta-cells was then recognized to be the principal physiologic action of GIP. Together with glucagon-like peptide-1, GIP is largely responsible for the secretion of insulin after eating. The protein is involved in several other facets of the anabolic response.

GIPR Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - References

Herbach, N. Am. J. Physiol. Renal Physiol. 296 (4), F819-F829 (2009)Rudovich, N., Kaiser, S. Regul. Pept. 142 (3), 138-145 (2007)Nitz, I., Fisher, E. Mol Nutr Food Res 51 (8), 1046-1052 (2007)