

## A-RAF Antibody (ARAF1) (Center) Blocking peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP7809c

### **Specification**

A-RAF Antibody (ARAF1) (Center) Blocking peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession P10398

A-RAF Antibody (ARAF1) (Center) Blocking peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 369

#### **Other Names**

Serine/threonine-protein kinase A-Raf, Proto-oncogene A-Raf, Proto-oncogene A-Raf-1, Proto-oncogene Pks, ARAF, ARAF1, PKS, PKS2

#### Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody <a href=/product/pr oducts/AP7809c>AP7809c</a> was selected from the Center region of human ARAF1 . A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

#### **Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

#### **Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

A-RAF Antibody (ARAF1) (Center) Blocking peptide - Protein Information

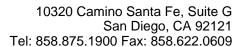
Name ARAF

## A-RAF Antibody (ARAF1) (Center) Blocking peptide - Background

Protein kinases are enzymes that transfer a phosphate group from a phosphate donor, generally the g phosphate of ATP, onto an acceptor amino acid in a substrate protein. By this basic mechanism, protein kinases mediate most of the signal transduction in eukaryotic cells, regulating cellular metabolism, transcription, cell cycle progression, cytoskeletal rearrangement and cell movement, apoptosis, and differentiation. With more than 500 gene products, the protein kinase family is one of the largest families of proteins in eukaryotes. The family has been classified in 8 major groups based on sequence comparison of their tyrosine (PTK) or serine/threonine (STK) kinase catalytic domains. The STE group (homologs of yeast Sterile 7, 11, 20 kinases) consists of 50 kinases related to the mitogen-activated protein kinase (MAPK) cascade families (Ste7/MAP2K, Ste11/MAP3K, and Ste20/MAP4K). MAP kinase cascades, consisting of a MAPK and one or more upstream regulatory kinases (MAPKKs) have been best characterized in the yeast pheromone response pathway. Pheromones bind to Ste cell surface receptors and activate yeast MAPK pathway.

## A-RAF Antibody (ARAF1) (Center) Blocking peptide - References

Wu, X., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 271(6):3265-3271 (1996).Lee, J.E., et al., Genomics 20(1):43-55 (1994).Popescu, N.C., et al., Oncogene 4(4):517-519 (1989).Beck, T.W., et al., Nucleic Acids Res. 15(2):595-609 (1987).Yin, X.L., et al., Mol. Cell. Biochem. 231 (1-2), 69-74 (2002).





Synonyms ARAF1, PKS, PKS2

### **Function**

Involved in the transduction of mitogenic signals from the cell membrane to the nucleus. May also regulate the TOR signaling cascade.

## **Tissue Location**

Predominantly in urogenital tissues.

# A-RAF Antibody (ARAF1) (Center) Blocking peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

• Blocking Peptides