

**HK1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide**  
**Synthetic peptide**  
**Catalog # BP8141b****Specification****HK1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information**Primary Accession [P19367](#)**HK1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information****Gene ID** 3098**Other Names**Hexokinase-1, Brain form hexokinase,  
Hexokinase type I, HK I, HK1**Target/Specificity**

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody [<a href=/product/products/AP8141b>AP8141b</a>](#) was selected from the C-term region of human HK1 . A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

**Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

**Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**HK1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information****Name** HK1 ([HGNC:4922](#))**Function****HK1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Background**

Hexokinases phosphorylate glucose to produce glucose-6-phosphate, thus committing glucose to the glycolytic pathway. The hexokinase gene encodes a ubiquitous form of hexokinase which localizes to the outer membrane of mitochondria. Mutations in this gene have been associated with hemolytic anemia due to hexokinase deficiency. Alternative splicing of the hexokinase gene results in five transcript variants which encode different isoforms, some of which are tissue-specific. Each isoform has a distinct N-terminus; the remainder of the protein is identical among all the isoforms. HK1 encodes the ubiquitously expressed isoform. Its 5' end includes an exon which is unique to this transcript and which encodes a distinct N-terminus that contains the porin binding domain (PBD). The porin binding domain mediates association with the mitochondrial membrane.

**HK1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - References**

van Wijk, R., et al., Blood 101(1):345-347 (2003).Murakami, K., et al., Acta Haematol. 108(4):204-209 (2002).Murakami, K., et al., Mol. Genet. Metab. 67(2):118-130 (1999).Aleshin, A.E., et al., Structure 6(1):39-50 (1998).Ruzzo, A., et al., Blood 91(1):363-364 (1998).

Catalyzes the phosphorylation of various hexoses, such as D- glucose, D-glucosamine, D-fructose, D-mannose and 2-deoxy-D-glucose, to hexose 6-phosphate (D-glucose 6-phosphate, D-glucosamine 6-phosphate, D-fructose 6-phosphate, D-mannose 6-phosphate and 2-deoxy-D-glucose 6- phosphate, respectively) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/1637300" target="\_blank">1637300</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25316723" target="\_blank">25316723</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27374331" target="\_blank">27374331</a>). Does not phosphorylate N-acetyl-D-glucosamine (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27374331" target="\_blank">27374331</a>). Mediates the initial step of glycolysis by catalyzing phosphorylation of D-glucose to D-glucose 6-phosphate (By similarity). Involved in innate immunity and inflammation by acting as a pattern recognition receptor for bacterial peptidoglycan (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27374331" target="\_blank">27374331</a>). When released in the cytosol, N-acetyl-D-glucosamine component of bacterial peptidoglycan inhibits the hexokinase activity of HK1 and causes its dissociation from mitochondrial outer membrane, thereby activating the NLRP3 inflammasome (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27374331" target="\_blank">27374331</a>).

### Cellular Location

Mitochondrion outer membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Cytoplasm, cytosol. Note=The mitochondrial-binding peptide (MBP) region promotes association with the mitochondrial outer membrane (Probable). Dissociates from the mitochondrial outer membrane following inhibition by N-acetyl-D-glucosamine, leading to relocation to the cytosol (PubMed:27374331).

### Tissue Location

Isoform 2: Erythrocyte specific (Ref.6). Isoform 3: Testis-specific (PubMed:10978502). Isoform 4: Testis-specific (PubMed:10978502). {ECO:0000269|PubMed:10978502,

ECO:0000269|Ref.6}

### **HK1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)