

**ATXN2 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide**  
**Synthetic peptide**  
**Catalog # BP8898c****Specification****ATXN2 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide -  
Product Information**Primary Accession [Q99700](#)**ATXN2 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide -  
Additional Information****Gene ID** 6311**Other Names**Ataxin-2, Spinocerebellar ataxia type 2  
protein, Trinucleotide repeat-containing  
gene 13 protein, ATXN2, ATX2, SCA2,  
TNRC13**Target/Specificity**

The synthetic peptide sequence used to  
generate the antibody [AP8898c](/products/AP8898c)  
was selected from the Center region of  
human ATXN2. A 10 to 100 fold molar  
excess to antibody is recommended.  
Precise conditions should be optimized for a  
particular assay.

**Format**Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder  
format. Peptides can be reconstituted in  
solution using the appropriate buffer as  
needed.**Storage**Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6  
months. For long term storage store at  
-20°C.**Precautions**This product is for research use only. Not  
for use in diagnostic or therapeutic  
procedures.**ATXN2 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide -  
Protein Information****Name** ATXN2**ATXN2 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide  
- Background**

The autosomal dominant cerebellar ataxias  
(ADCA) are a heterogeneous group of  
neurodegenerative disorders characterized by  
progressive degeneration of the cerebellum,  
brain stem and spinal cord. Clinically, ADCA  
has been divided into three groups: ADCA  
types I-III. Defects in this gene are the cause of  
spinocerebellar ataxia type 2 (SCA2). SCA2  
belongs to the autosomal dominant cerebellar  
ataxias type I (ADCA I) which are characterized  
by cerebellar ataxia in combination with  
additional clinical features like optic atrophy,  
ophthalmoplegia, bulbar and extrapyramidal  
signs, peripheral neuropathy and dementia.

**ATXN2 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide  
- References**

Pulst, S.M., et.al., Nat. Genet. 14 (3), 269-276  
(1996) Imbert, G., et.al., Nat. Genet. 14 (3),  
285-291 (1996)

**Synonyms** ATX2, SCA2, TNRC13

**Function**

Involved in EGFR trafficking, acting as negative regulator of endocytic EGFR internalization at the plasma membrane.

**Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm.

**Tissue Location**

Expressed in the brain, heart, liver, skeletal muscle, pancreas and placenta. Isoform 1 is predominant in the brain and spinal cord. Isoform 4 is more abundant in the cerebellum. In the brain, broadly expressed in the amygdala, caudate nucleus, corpus callosum, hippocampus, hypothalamus, substantia nigra, subthalamic nucleus and thalamus.

**ATXN2 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide  
- Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)