ABclonal®

DAZL Rabbit pAb

Catalog No.: A1114 2 Publications

Basic Information

Observed MW

33kDa

Calculated MW

33kDa

Category

Polyclonal Antibody

Applications

WB, ELISA

Cross-Reactivity

Human, Mouse

Background

The DAZ (Deleted in AZoospermia) gene family encodes potential RNA binding proteins that are expressed in prenatal and postnatal germ cells of males and females. The protein encoded by this gene is localized to the nucleus and cytoplasm of fetal germ cells and to the cytoplasm of developing oocytes. In the testis, this protein is localized to the nucleus of spermatogonia but relocates to the cytoplasm during meiosis where it persists in spermatids and spermatozoa. Transposition and amplification of this autosomal gene during primate evolution gave rise to the DAZ gene cluster on the Y chromosome. Mutations in this gene have been linked to severe spermatogenic failure and infertility in males. Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.

Recommended Dilutions

WB

1:500 - 1:2000

Immunogen Information

Gene ID

Swiss Prot

1618

Q92904

Immunogen

Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino acids 186-295 of human DAZL (NP_001342.2).

Synonyms

DAZH; DAZL1; DAZLA; SPGYLA; DAZL

Contact

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Product Information

Source

Isotype

Purification

Rabbit

IgG

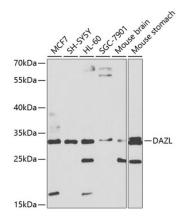
Affinity purification

Storage

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide,50% glycerol,pH7.3.

Validation Data



Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines, using DAZL antibody (A1114) at 1:1000 dilution.

Secondary antibody: HRP Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS014) at 1:10000 dilution.

Lysates/proteins: 25µg per lane.

Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST.

Detection: ECL Basic Kit (RM00020).

Exposure time: 30s.