



Cat nr AE00105

Product Datasheet

Recombinant Rabbit Antibody, clone BCL2/2210R to:

BCL-2/BCL2, Apoptosis regulator BCL-2

B-cell CLL/lymphoma-2; Bcl-2; PPP1R50

Cellular localization	Outer mitochondrial membranes, endoplasmic reticulum, nuclear membranes.
Official Symbol (Gene) GeneID	BCL2 596
SwissProt	P10415
Confirmed Applications Positive controls Aeonian Rating©	IHC, WB Jurkat, K562, HL-60, HeLa, tonsil, spleen, follicular lymphoma. 90
Purification Formulation Amount Isotype Confirmed species reactivity Immunogen Epitope	By Protein A from bioreactor concentrate 200ug IgG/ml in PBS, 0.05% BSA, 0.05% azide (20ug or 100ug) 1mg IgG/ml in PBS (100ug or contact us for quotation) 20ug 100ug Rabbit IgG Human Recombinant full-length human BCL2 protein Unknown
Storage instructions	Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. For long term storage, keep small aliquots at -20C or -80C and keep one aliquot at 4C for daily experimentations. Azide will preserve antibody at 4C for 6-12 months, when kept away from direct sun light.
Expiration	Integrity warranted for 24 months after purchase when handled and stored according to instructions, see below.
Warranty	This product is only warranted for the specifications as described in this product sheet and only when the product is handled and stored according to instructions. User should validate this antibody in the application and tissue/cell type as required, after confirmation of integrity upon receipt is obtained by reproducing the performance as described below. Should such confirmation not be attempted, any warranty is void. In case of non-conformance, user needs to contact us immediately for replacement or refund.
Liability	This product is for in vitro research use only. Any other applications, such as

therein, are solely at the responsibility of the buyer/user.

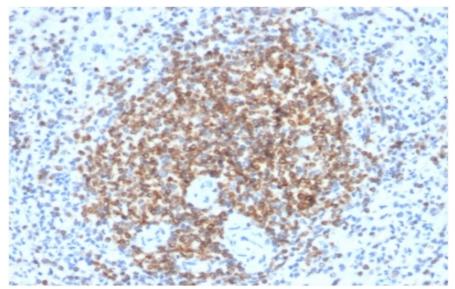
diagnostics or therapeutics, or in vivo experiments, and the validation of this product

Product performance see next pages

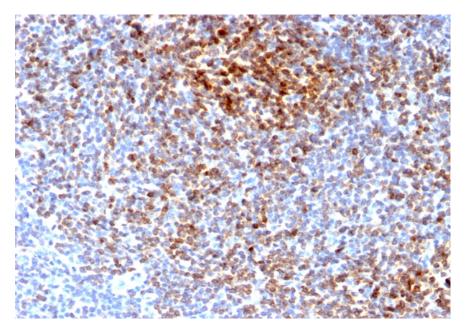
Product data:

ImmunoHistoChemistry (IHC):

This product was successfully used to stain cells primarily in the germinal centre of human spleen sections and distinct cells in follicular lymphoma. Recommended concentration: 0.3-1ug/ml



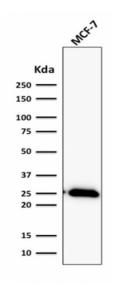
Formaldehyde-fixed, paraffin-embedded human spleen stained with BCL2 Rabbit Recombinant Antibody AE00105 at 0.5-1ug/ml for 30 minutes at RT. Epitope retrieval: Boiling at pH9 for 10-20 min followed by 20 min cooling. DAB staining by HRP polymer.



Formaldehyde-fixed, paraffin-embedded human follicular lymphoma stained with BCL2 Rabbit Recombinant Antibody AE00105 at 0.5-1ug/ml for 30 minutes at RT. Epitope retrieval: Boiling at pH9 for 10-20 min followed by 20 min cooling. DAB staining by HRP polymer.

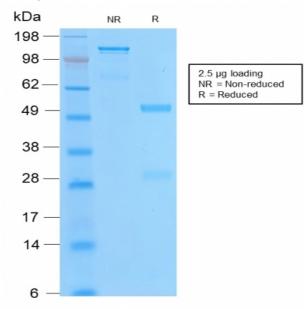
Western Blot (WB):

This product was successfully used to stain an approx. 26kDa band in lysates of cell line MCF7. Recommended concentration: 0.3-1ug/ml



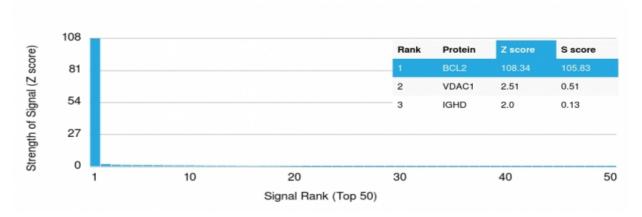
Western Blot of a MCF7 lysate (30ug) stained with BCL2 Rabbit Recombinant Antibody AE00105 at 0.5-1ug/ml (1h at ambient temp). ECL staining by HRP.

SDS-PAGE Analysis of Purified BCL2 Rabbit Recombinant Antibody AE00105. Confirmation of Purity and Integrity of Antibody.



Integrity of the purified antibody AE00105 under non-reduced and reduced conditions, showing intact IgG at around 150kDa (NR) and intact heavy and light chains at 50kDa and 30kDa resp. (R).

Specificity and selectivity of AE00105 to BCL2 were tested against >19,000 full-length human proteins on a human protein array. A protein BLAST search against H. sapiens revealed the following closely related other proteins: BCL2L1 (isf BCLX), BCL2L2 and BAX. All these were part of the array used and showed no cross-reactivity signals.



Cross-reactivity assessment of BCL2 Rabbit Recombinant Antibody AE00105 (1ug/ml) on CDI's Protein Array containing more than 19,000 full-length human proteins.

The Z-score represents the strength of a signal that an antibody (through a fluorophore-tagged secondary reagent) produces when binding to a particular protein on the array. Z-scores are in units of standard deviations (SD's) above the mean value of all signals generated on that array. When Z-scores are arranged in descending order, the difference between two successive values will be the S-score for the first. Thus, the S-score represents the relative specificity of the antibody to its intended target. An antibody is considered specific to its intended target, when it has an S-score of at least 2.5. For example, if an antibody binds to intended protein X with a Z-score of 43 and to the cross-reacting protein Y with a next Z-score of 14, then the S-score for the antibody to intended target X equals 29 (43-14).