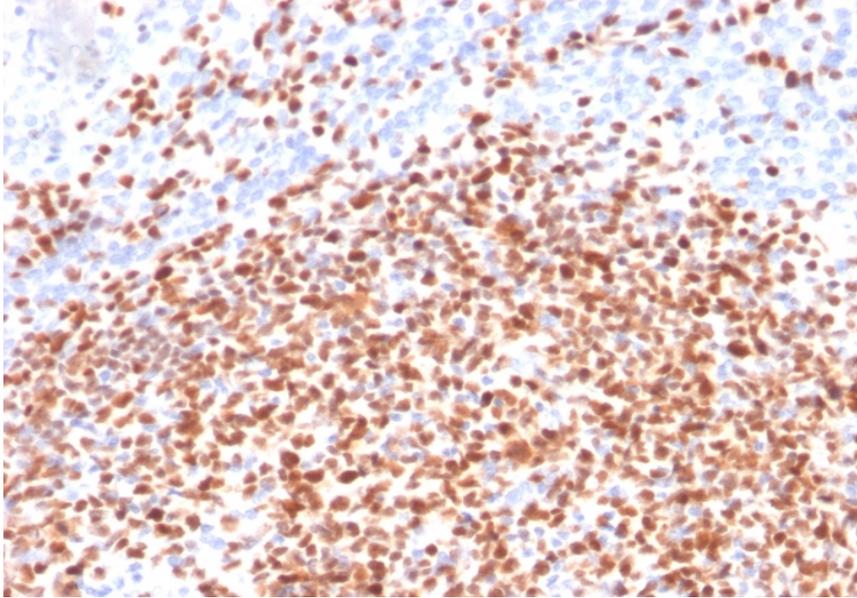


Product data:

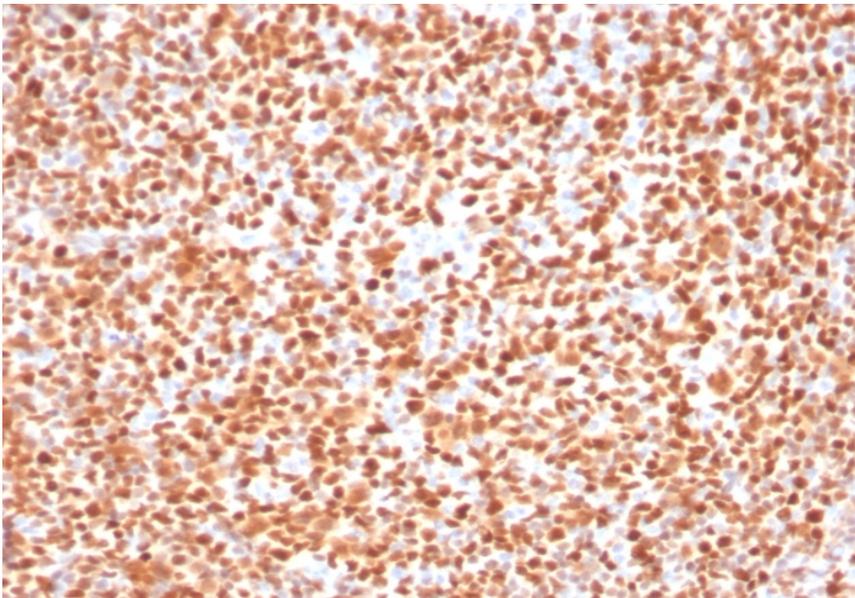
ImmunoHistoChemistry (IHC):

This product shows nuclear staining of germinal centre B-cells in human lymph node and tonsil sections.

Recommended concentration: 1-3ug/ml



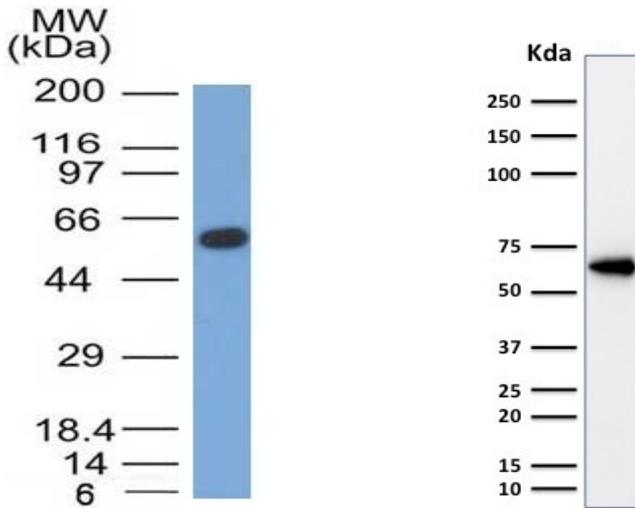
Formaldehyde-fixed, paraffin-embedded human lymph node stained with POU2F2 Mouse Monoclonal Antibody AE00201 at 1-2ug/ml for 30 minutes at RT. Epitope retrieval: Boiling at pH6 for 10-20 min followed by 20 min cooling. DAB staining by HRP polymer.



Formaldehyde-fixed, paraffin-embedded human tonsil stained with POU2F2 Mouse Monoclonal Antibody AE00201 at 1-2ug/ml for 30 minutes at RT. Epitope retrieval: Boiling at pH6 for 10-20 min followed by 20 min cooling. DAB staining by HRP polymer.

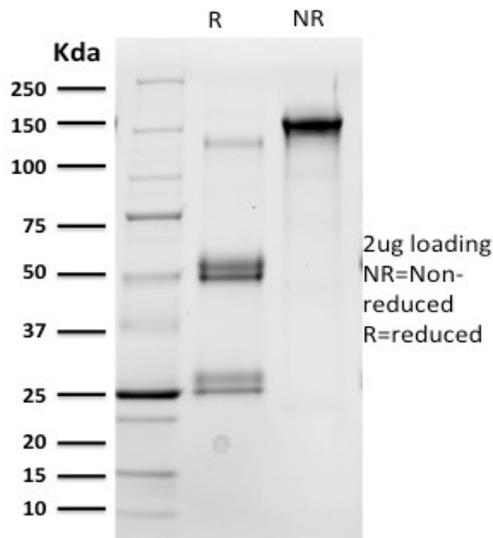
Western Blot (WB):

This product was successfully used to stain an approx. 62kDa band in lysates of cell lines Daudi and Ramos. Recommended concentration: 0.5-1.5ug/ml



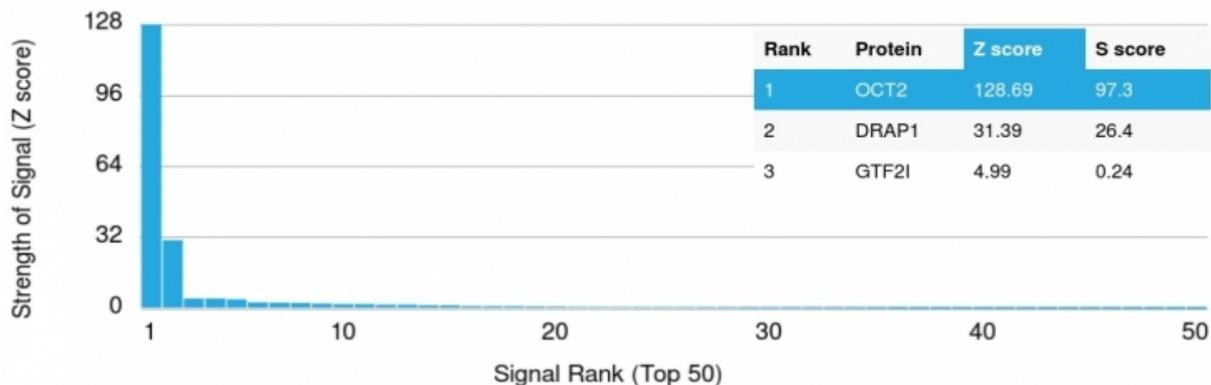
Western Blots of Daudi (left) and Ramos (right) lysates (30ug) stained with POU2F2 Mouse Monoclonal Antibody AE00201 at 1ug/ml (1h at ambient temp). ECL staining by HRP.

SDS-PAGE Analysis of Purified POU2F2 Mouse Monoclonal Antibody AE00201. Confirmation of Purity and Integrity of Antibody.



Integrity of the purified antibody AE00201 under non-reduced and reduced conditions, showing intact IgG at around 150kDa (NR) and intact heavy and light chains at 50kDa and 25kDa resp. (R). Note the different sizes due to PTMs in both light and heavy chains.

Specificity and selectivity of AE00201 to POU2F2 were tested against >19,000 full-length human proteins on a human protein array. A protein BLAST search against H. sapiens revealed no closely related other proteins.



Cross-reactivity assessment of POU2F2 Mouse Monoclonal Antibody AE00201 (1ug/ml) on CDI's Protein Array containing more than 19,000 full-length human proteins.

The Z-score represents the strength of a signal that an antibody (through a fluorophore-tagged secondary reagent) produces when binding to a particular protein on the array. Z-scores are in units of standard deviations (SD's) above the mean value of all signals generated on that array. When Z-scores are arranged in descending order, the difference between two successive values will be the S-score for the first. Thus, the S-score represents the relative specificity of the antibody to its intended target. An antibody is considered specific to its intended target, when it has an S-score of at least 2.5. For example, if an antibody binds to intended protein X with a Z-score of 43 and to the cross-reacting protein Y with a next Z-score of 14, then the S-score for the antibody to intended target X equals 29 (43-14).