

## **Technical Manual**

# **ChromaDazzle Alanine Transaminase Activity Assay Kit**

**Catalogue Code: BA0074**

**Pack Size: 100 assays**

**Research Use Only**

## DESCRIPTION

*Alanine Transaminase (ALT)*, also known as serum alanine aminotransferase (ALAT) or pyruvic transaminase (SGPT), facilitates the conversion of alanine and  $\alpha$ -ketoglutarate to pyruvate and glutamate. ALT plays an important role in gluconeogenesis and amino acid metabolism. ALT is found mainly in the liver, and, to a lesser extent, in kidney, heart, muscle, and pancreas tissues. Normal serum levels of ALT are low, and increased serum ALT activity is widely used as a marker for liver damage.

Simple, direct and automation-ready procedures for measuring ALT activity find wide applications in research and drug discovery. The Assay Genie ChromaDazzle Alanine Transaminase Activity Assay Kit is based on the quantification of pyruvate produced by ALT. In this assay, pyruvate and NADH are converted to lactate and NAD by the enzyme lactate dehydrogenase (LDH). The decrease in NADH absorbance at 340 nm is proportional to ALT activity.

## KEY FEATURES

*Sensitive.* Linear detection range: 2–100 U/L.

*Simple and convenient.* This simple, convenient assay can be carried out in a microplate or a cuvette and takes only 10 min.

## APPLICATIONS

*Direct Assays:* ALT activity in serum, plasma and other biological samples.

*Drug Discovery/Pharmacology:* effects of drugs on ALT activity.

## KIT CONTENTS (100 TESTS IN 96-WELL PLATES)

<b>Assay Buffer:</b>	24 mL	<b>LDH:</b>	120 $\mu$ L
<b>Cosubstrate:</b>	600 $\mu$ L	<b>NADH Reagent:</b>	Dried

**Storage conditions.** The kit is shipped on ice. Store all components at  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Shelf life of six months after receipt, 3 weeks after reconstitution.

**Precautions:** reagents are for research use only. Normal precautions for laboratory reagents should be exercised while using the reagents. Please refer to Material Safety Data Sheet for detailed information.

## ASSAY PROCEDURES

Equilibrate all components to room temperature. Reconstitute the NADH Reagent tube with 1000  $\mu$ L dH<sub>2</sub>O (final 10 mM). Unused reconstituted NADH reagent is stable for three weeks when stored frozen at  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Mix assay buffer well by vigorous shaking. Keep thawed enzyme on ice.

Assays can be performed at  $37^{\circ}\text{C}$  or at room temperature. Prior to assay, bring the working reagents, microplate and spectrophotometer to the desired temperature.

Assay is compatible with serum or plasma (heparin, EDTA). Samples should be clear and free of particles or precipitates. Hemolyzed samples should not be used.

### Procedure using 96-well plate

1. Samples and controls. Transfer 20  $\mu$ L of each sample to separate wells. Also, for each assay plate, include two wells with 20  $\mu$ L dH<sub>2</sub>O to be used for the NADH Standard and Blank. Keep plate at the desired temperature (e.g.  $37^{\circ}\text{C}$ ).
2. Prepare Working Reagent for Sample and Standard wells by mixing for each well: 200  $\mu$ L Assay Buffer, 5  $\mu$ L Cosubstrate, 1  $\mu$ L LDH and 4  $\mu$ L reconstituted NADH. Warm to desired temperature (e.g.  $37^{\circ}\text{C}$ ).  
Prepare Blank Reagent for the Blank well by mixing: 200  $\mu$ L Assay Buffer, 5  $\mu$ L Cosubstrate, 1  $\mu$ L LDH and 4  $\mu$ L dH<sub>2</sub>O. Warm to desired temperature (e.g.  $37^{\circ}\text{C}$ ).
3. Add 200  $\mu$ L Working Reagent to each Sample and Standard well, and 200  $\mu$ L Blank Reagent to the Blank well.

Immediately tap plate to mix, incubate at the desired temperature and read OD<sub>340nm</sub> at 5 min and at 10 min. Alternatively, record kinetics at 340 nm.

### Procedure using cuvettes

1. For each assay, include one Standard and one Blank control.

For each Sample and Standard, prepare Working Reagent by mixing 1000 µL Assay Buffer, 25 µL Cosubstrate, 5 µL Enzyme Mix and 20 µL reconstituted NADH. Transfer 1000 µL Working Reagent to each sample cuvette and standard cuvette. Warm to desired temperature (e.g. 37°C).

For Blank control, mix 1000 µL Assay Buffer, 25 µL Cosubstrate, 5 µL Enzyme Mix and 20 µL dH<sub>2</sub>O. Transfer 1000 µL Blank Reagent to the Blank control cuvette. Warm to desired temperature (e.g. 37°C).

2. Prewarm sample to the desired temperature. Add 100 µL Sample to the Sample Cuvette. Transfer 100 µL dH<sub>2</sub>O to the Standard cuvette and the Blank Control cuvette. Mix immediately.

3. Read OD<sub>340nm</sub> at 5 min and 10 min. Alternatively, record kinetics at 340 nm.

### CALCULATION

For each Sample, calculate the rate of NADH consumption by subtracting the OD at 10 min from the OD at 5 min ( $\Delta OD_S$ ). Similarly, calculate the rate ( $\Delta OD_{NADH}$ ) for the NADH standard ( $OD_{5min} - OD_{10min}$ ).

Determine ALT activity using the following equation,

$$ALT = 381 \times \frac{\Delta OD_S - \Delta OD_{NADH}}{OD_{STD} - OD_{BLK}} \quad (U/L)$$

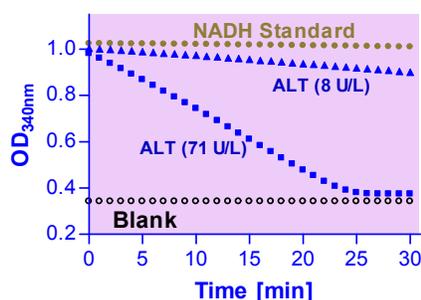
OD<sub>STD</sub> and OD<sub>BLK</sub> are the OD<sub>340nm</sub> values of NADH Standard and Blank at 5 min, respectively. The factor 381 is derived from

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Factor} &= 10 \text{ mM NADH} \times \frac{4 \mu\text{L Vol.}_{NADH}}{210 \mu\text{L Vol.}_{WR}} \times \frac{200 \mu\text{L Vol.}_{WR}}{220 \mu\text{L Vol.}_{Total}} \times \frac{11 \text{ (sample dilution)}}{5 \text{ min}} \\ &= 381 \mu\text{M/min} \end{aligned}$$

If the calculated ALT activity is higher than 100 U/L, dilute sample in Assay Buffer and repeat assay. Multiply results by the dilution factor.

### MATERIALS REQUIRED, BUT NOT PROVIDED

Pipeting devices and accessories. Clear bottom 96-well plates (e.g. Corning Costar) and plate reader or spectrophotometer and cuvettes for measuring OD<sub>340nm</sub>.



Purified ALT enzyme (assayed at 37°C)

## LITERATURE

1. Bergmeyer H.U., et al. (1978). Optimization of methods for aspartate aminotransferase and alanine aminotransferase. Clin. Chem. 24(1): 58-73.
2. Siest G. et al. (1975). Aspartate aminotransferase and alanine aminotransferase activities in plasma: statistical distributions, individual variations, and reference values. Clin Chem. 21(8):1077-87.
3. Liu L. et al. (2008). Expression, purification, and initial characterization of human alanine aminotransferase (ALT) isoenzyme 1 and 2 in High-five insect cells. Protein Expr Purif. 60(2):225-231.

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