

# Anti-Mouse CD274 (PD-L1, B7-H1) PE

Catalog Number: 26812-60

RUO: For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## **Product Information**

**Clone:** 10F.9G2

**Format/Conjugate:** PE **Concentration:** 0.2 mg/mL

Reactivity: Mouse

Laser: Blue (488nm), Yellow/Green (532-561nm)

**Peak Emission:** 578nm **Peak Excitation:** 496nm

Filter: 585/40

**Brightness (1=dim,5=brightest):** 5

Isotype: Rat IgG2b, kappa

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered aqueous solution, ≤0.09% Sodium azide, may contain carrier protein/stabilizer, ph7.2.

Storage: Product should be kept at 2-8°C and protected from prolonged exposure to light.

**Applications: FC** 

## **Description**

The 10F.9G2 monoclonal antibody specifically reacts with mouse CD274, also known as B7-H1 or PD-L1, a 43 kDa glycoprotein of the B7 family of the immunoglobulin superfamily. CD274 is expressed on the B and T lymphocytes, natural killer cells, and dendritic cells. The receptor for the B7-H1 molecule is PD-1, which contains an Immunoreceptor Tyrosine-based Inhibitory Motif (ITIM), and is expressed on activated B and T cells. The interaction between CD274 and PD-1 seems to downregulate the T and B immune responses.

## **Preparation & Storage**

The product should be stored undiluted at 4°C and should be protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze. The monoclonal antibody was purified utilizing affinity chromatography and unreacted dye was removed from the product.

## **Application Notes**

The antibody has been analyzed for quality through the flow cytometric analysis of the relevant cell type. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is  $\leq 0.25$  ug per million cells in 100 µl volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

## References

- 1.Paterson, A. M., Brown, K. E., Keir, M. E., Vanguri, V. K., Riella, L. V., Chandraker, A., ... Sharpe, A. H. (2011). The programmed death-1 ligand 1: B7-1 pathway restrains diabetogenic effector T cells in vivo.; The Journal of Immunology,; 187(3), 1097-1105
- 2. Koehn, B. H., Ford, M. L., Ferrer, I. R., Borom, K., Gangappa, S., Kirk, A. D., Larsen, C. P. (2008). PD-1-dependent mechanisms maintain peripheral tolerance of donor-reactive CD8+ T cells to transplanted tissue.; The Journal of Immunology,;181(8), 5313-5322.
- 3. Maier, H., Isogawa, M., Freeman, G. J., Chisari, F. V. (2007). PD-1: PD-L1 interactions contribute to the functional suppression of virus-specific CD8+ T lymphocytes in the liver.; The Journal of Immunology,; 178(5), 2714-2720.