

NCI-H1299 Cells | 300485

General information

Description

NCI-H1299, also known as H1299, is a cell line established from a lymph node metastasis of the lung from a 43-year-old white male patient with carcinoma. H1299 and H292 are non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) cell lines.

Regarding their genetic profile, H1299 cells have a homozygous partial deletion of the p53 protein and lack expression of p53 protein. While KRAS mutations are commonly found in various types of cancer, including NSCLC, H1299 expresses KRAS WT. A549 is another NSCLC cell line that homozygously expresses endogenous KRAS G12S.

Understanding the biology of KRAS and its downstream signalling pathways is crucial for developing effective cancer therapies. Therefore, this epithelial-like cell line is commonly used in cancer and immuno-oncology research.

The morphology of H1299 cells is characterized by adherent flattened cells with a thickness of fewer than 5 microns. H1299 cells have an approximate doubling time of 22 - 30 hours. H1299 cells express keratin and vimentin but are negative for neurofilament triplet protein.

They are also reported to be able to synthesize the peptide neuromedin B (NMB) at 0.1 pmol/mg protein but not the gastrin-releasing peptide (GRP). Compared to A549 cells with more epithelial characteristics, H1299 cells have more mesenchymal characteristics and less effective epithelial marker expression.

Organism Human

Tissue Lung

Disease Carcinoma

Synonyms H1299, H-1299, NCIH1299

Characteristics

Age 59 years

Ethnicity Caucasian

Growth properties Adherent

Regulatory Data

Citation NCI-H1299 (Cytion catalog number 300485)

Biosafety level 1

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NCBI_TaxID 9606**CellosaurusAccession** CVCL_0060

Biomolecular Data

Handling

Culture Medium RPMI 1640, w: 2.0 mM stable Glutamine, w: 2.0 g/L NaHCO₃ (Cytion article number 820700a)**Supplements** Supplement the medium with 10% FBS, add 2.5 g/L glucose and 10 mM HEPES**Dissociation Reagent** Accutase**Subculturing** Remove the old medium from the adherent cells and wash them with PBS that lacks calcium and magnesium. For T25 flasks, use 3-5 ml of PBS, and for T75 flasks, use 5-10 ml. Then, cover the cells completely with Accutase, using 1-2 ml for T25 flasks and 2.5 ml for T75 flasks. Let the cells incubate at room temperature for 8-10 minutes to detach them. After incubation, gently mix the cells with 10 ml of medium to resuspend them, then centrifuge at 300xg for 3 minutes. Discard the supernatant, resuspend the cells in fresh medium, and transfer them into new flasks that already contain fresh medium.**Fluid renewal** 2 to 3 times per week**Freeze medium** As a cryopreservation medium, use complete growth medium (including FBS) + 10% DMSO for adequate post-thaw viability, or CM-1 (Cytion catalog number 800100), which includes optimized osmoprotectants and metabolic stabilizers to enhance recovery and reduce cryo-induced stress.

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Thawing and Culturing Cells

1. Confirm that the vial remains deeply frozen upon delivery, as cells are shipped on dry ice to maintain optimal temperatures during transit.
2. Upon receipt, either store the cryovial immediately at temperatures below -150°C to ensure the preservation of cellular integrity, or proceed to step 3 if immediate culturing is required.
3. For immediate culturing, swiftly thaw the vial by immersing it in a 37°C water bath with clean water and an antimicrobial agent, agitating gently for 40-60 seconds until a small ice clump remains.
4. Perform all subsequent steps under sterile conditions in a flow hood, disinfecting the cryovial with 70% ethanol before opening.
5. Carefully open the disinfected vial and transfer the cell suspension into a 15 ml centrifuge tube containing 8 ml of room-temperature culture medium, mixing gently.
6. Centrifuge the mixture at 300 x g for 3 minutes to separate the cells and carefully discard the supernatant containing residual freezing medium.
7. Gently resuspend the cell pellet in 10 ml of fresh culture medium. For adherent cells, divide the suspension between two T25 culture flasks; for suspension cultures, transfer all the medium into one T25 flask to promote effective cell interaction and growth.
8. Adhere to established subculture protocols for continued growth and maintenance of the cell line, ensuring reliable experimental outcomes.

Incubation Atmosphere

37°C, 5% CO₂, humidified atmosphere.

Shipping Conditions

Cryopreserved cell lines are shipped on dry ice in validated, insulated packaging with sufficient refrigerant to maintain approximately -78 °C throughout transit. On receipt, inspect the container immediately and transfer vials without delay to appropriate storage.

Storage Conditions

For long-term preservation, place vials in vapor-phase liquid nitrogen at about -150 to -196 °C. Storage at -80 °C is acceptable only as a short interim step before transfer to liquid nitrogen.

Quality control / Genetic profile / HLA

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Sterility

Mycoplasma contamination is excluded using both PCR-based assays and luminescence-based mycoplasma detection methods.

To ensure there is no bacterial, fungal, or yeast contamination, cell cultures are subjected to daily visual inspections.