# pBABEpuro-JNK1 Retroviral Vector (Dominant Negative)

CATALOG NUMBER: RTV-110 STORAGE: -80°C

QUANTITY AND CONCENTRATION: 100 μL of bacterial glycerol stock

#### **Background**

Retroviruses are efficient tools for delivering heritable genes into the genome of dividing cells. Cell Biolabs' retrovirus vector is based on the pBABE vector system, which is derived from Moloney murine leukemia virus (MMLV). The vector provides the viral package signal, transcription and processing elements, and a target gene. The viral *env* gene, produced by the package cell line, encodes the envelop protein, which determines the viral infectivity range. Transfection into a package cell line produces high-titer, replication-incompetent viruses. In addition to transfer and expression of exogenous genes in mammalian cells, recently, retroviruses have been used to express silencing RNAs (siRNA) to decrease the expression of target genes both *in vitro* and *in vivo*.

The vector contains the bacterial origin of replication, ampicillin-resistance gene, and puromycin-resistance gene for the growth of infected mammalian cells to select stable cell lines (Figure 1).

Mitogen-activated protein kinases (MAPK), including ERK1/2, p38, and JNK1/2, are important regulators of cell function. The ERK MAPKs are most frequently activated by mitogens, whereas the JNK and p38 MAPKs are strongly responsive to inflammatory signals. The stress-activated protein kinases have also been termed JNK protein kinases because they were identified as the principal c-Jun N-terminal kinases. The JNK family kinases are activated by cell stress-inducing stimuli such as heat shock, UV irradiation, hyperosmolarity, and ischemia/reperfusion injury, and by activation of specific cell surface receptors. The JNK family includes 1, 2, and 3 and their splice isoforms. A dominant negative form (AF) of human JNK1 sequence is cloned into the retroviral vector pBABEpuro at the *SnaB* I site. The JNK1 (AF) mutant cannot be phosphorylated, since the dual phosphorylation site T183/Y185 has been changed to A183/F185.

#### **Safety Consideration**

Remember that you will be working with samples containing infectious virus. Follow the recommended NIH guidelines for all materials containing BSL-2 organisms. Always wear gloves, use filtered tips and work under a biosafety hood.

## **References**

- 1. Morgenstern, J. P. and H Land. (1990) *Nuc. Acid Res.* 18, 3587-3596.
- 2. Coffin, J. M. and H. E. Varmus, *Retroviruses*, Cold Spring Harbor Press, NY.
- 3. Schuck S, Manninen A, Honsho M, Fullekrug J and Simons K. (2004) *Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A*. 101, 4912-4917.
- 4. Davis R. J. (1999) Biochem. Soc. Symp. 64:1-12.



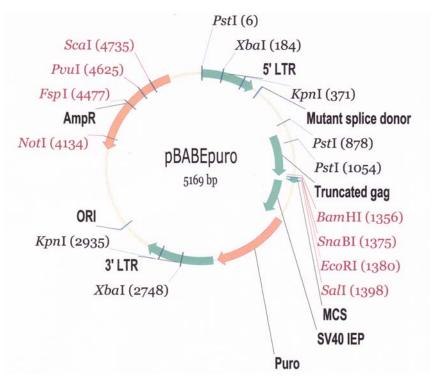


Figure 1. Retroviral Vector Map

## **Warranty**

These products are warranted to perform as described in their labeling and in Cell Biolabs literature when used in accordance with their instructions. THERE ARE NO WARRANTIES THAT EXTEND BEYOND THIS EXPRESSED WARRANTY AND CELL BIOLABS DISCLAIMS ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE. CELL BIOLABS's sole obligation and purchaser's exclusive remedy for breach of this warranty shall be, at the option of CELL BIOLABS, to repair or replace the products. In no event shall CELL BIOLABS be liable for any proximate, incidental or consequential damages in connection with the products.

# This product is for RESEARCH USE ONLY; not for use in diagnostic procedures.

### **Contact Information**

Cell Biolabs, Inc. 7758 Arjons Drive San Diego, CA 92126

Worldwide: +1 858-271-6500 USA Toll-Free: 1-888-CBL-0505 E-mail: tech@cellbiolabs.com

www.cellbiolabs.com

©2004-2008: Cell Biolabs, Inc. - All rights reserved. No part of these works may be reproduced in any form without permissions in writing.

