# **GGA3 PBD Agarose Beads**

CATALOG NUMBER: STA-419 STORAGE: -20°C

**QUANTITY AND CONCENTRATION:** 800 μL of 50% Agarose slurry, 400 μg human GGA3-PBD (amino acid 1-316) in 1X PBS, 50% Glycerol

**SHELF LIFE**: 1 year from receipt under proper storage conditions; avoid multiple freeze thaw cycles

### **Background**

Small GTP-binding proteins (or GTPases) are a family of proteins that serve as molecular regulators in signaling transduction pathways. Arf, a 20 kDa protein of the Ras superfamily, regulates a variety of biological response pathways that include vesicle trafficking, organelle structure, and endocytosis. Like other small GTPases, Arf regulates molecular events by cycling between an inactive GDP-bound form and an active GTP-bound form. In their active (GTP-bound) state, Arf1 and Arf6 bind specifically to the protein-binding domain (PBD) of GGA3 to control downstream signaling cascades.

#### **Presentation**

GGA3 PBD Agarose beads, in color, are easy to visualize, minimizing potential loss during washes and aspirations of Arf-GTP pulldown (Figure 1).

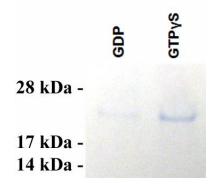


**Figure 1:** GGA3-PBD Beads in Color

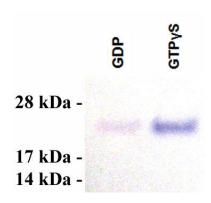


### **Activity**

Product specifically interacts and precipitates GTP-bound Arf from cell lysate (Figure 2).



**Figure 2:** Arf1 Activation Assay. *Lane 1*, HeLa cell lysate loaded with GDP and incubated with GGA3 PBD Agarose beads. *Lane 2*, HeLa cell lysate loaded with GTPγS and incubated with GGA3 PBD Agarose beads.



**Figure 3:** Arf6 Activation Assay. *Lane 1*, HeLa cell lysate loaded with GDP and incubated with GGA3 PBD Agarose beads. *Lane 2*, HeLa cell lysate loaded with GTPγS and incubated with GGA3 PBD Agarose beads.

# References

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- 3. Kahn R. A., Gilman A. G. (1986) J. Biol. Chem. 261:7906–7911.
- 4. Rothman J. E. (1994) Nature 372:55-63.
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- 6. Donaldson J. G., Klausner R. D. (1994) Curr. Opin. Cell Biol. 6:527–532.
- 7. Dell'Angelica EC, Puertollano R, Mullins C, et al. (2000) J Cell Biol. 149: 81-94.
- 8. Takatsu H, Yoshino K, Toda K, Nakayama K. (2002) Biochem J. 365: 369-378.



# **Recent Product Citation**

Davis, C. T. et al. (2014). ARF6 Inhibition Stabilizes the Vasculature and Enhances Survival during Endotoxic Shock. *J Immunol.* **192**:6045-6052.

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