

CREBBP

Rabbit Anti-Human CREB Binding Protein Clone Poly6064 pAb

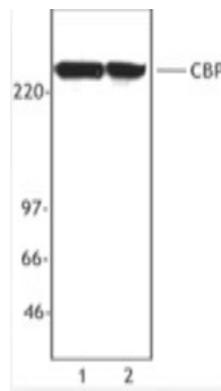
Catalog No.	CSI14332 CSI14333	Quantity:	50 µl 200 µl
Alternate Names:	CREB-binding protein, CREBBP, CBP/p300		
Description:	CBP (also known as CREB-binding protein and CBP/p300) is a widely expressed nuclear protein that contains a bromodomain, a ZZ-type zinc domain, and TAZ-type zinc fingers. This 265 kD acetyltransferase enzyme, acetylates histones and non-histone proteins like NCOA3 coactivator and mediates c-AMP gene regulating by binding to phosphorylated CREB. CBP and phosphorylated CREB activates transcription of c-AMP responsive genes; defects in CBP result in Rubinstein-Taybi syndrome (mental retardation, craniofacial defects, heart defects). CBP is activated by TCR signaling and is involved in TNF- α gene expression and plays a central role in regulating gene responses to hypoxia. This protein is acetylated at multiple sites. CBP has been shown to interact with NCOA6, androgen receptor, STAT6, SRC1, Csk, FKHR, and c-jun and to form a complex with NCOA2, NCOA3, IKKA, IKKB, and IKBKG. In addition, CBP probably forms a complex with HIF1A and EP300. The Poly6064 antibody has been shown to be useful for Western blotting of the human and mouse CBP protein.		
Gene ID:	1387		
Structure:	Bromodomain, ZZ-type zinc domain, TAZ-type zinc fingers; 265 kD .		
Distribution:	Nuclear protein, widely expressed		
Host:	Rabbit		
Immunogen:	Recombinant (partial) , N-terminal		
Isotype:	IgG		
Clone:	Poly6064		
Function:	Acetyltransferase enzyme, acetylates histones and non-histone proteins like NCOA3 coactivator. Mediates c-AMP gene regulating by binding to phosphorylated CREB. CBP and phosphorylated CREB activates transcription of c-AMP responsive genes; defects result in Rubinstein-Taybi syndrome (mental retardation, craniofacial defects, heart defects).		
Formulation:	This antibody is provided in phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Precaution: Sodium azide is a poisonous and hazardous substance which should be handled by trained staff only.		
Purification:			



The antibody was purified by antigen-affinity chromatography.

Regulation:	Activated by TCR signaling and involved in TNF- α gene expression, central role in regulating gene responses to hypoxia.
Reactivity:	Mouse, Human
Applications:	Western Blot
Recommended Usage:	Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by Western blotting. Western blotting, suggested working dilution(s): Use 10 μ l per 5 ml antibody dilution buffer for each mini-gel. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.
Storage & Stability:	Upon receipt, store frozen at -20° C.
Modification:	Acetylation at multiple sites
Interaction:	SMAD1, SMAD2, SMAD3, PCAF, NCOA6, androgen receptor, STAT6, SRC1, Csk, FKHR, and c-jun, forms a complex with NCOA2, NCOA3, IKKA, IKKB, and IKBKG. Probably forms a complex with HIF1A and EP300

MCF-7 cell extract (Lane 1) or NIH3T3 cell extract (Lane 2) was resolved by electrophoresis, transferred to nitrocellulose and probed with rabbit polyclonal antibody against CBP. Proteins were visualized using a donkey anti-rabbit secondary conjugated to HRP and a chemiluminescence detection system.



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