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SOD1

Native Human Superoxide Dismutase (SOD1)

Catalog No. CRA171A Quantity: $100 \mu g$

Alternate Names: Superoxide dismutase [Cu-Zn], Superoxide dismutase 1, Sod1

Description: Superoxide dismutase (SOD) is an important antioxidant that protects many types of cells

from superoxide anion radical by partitioning O_2 into O_2 and H_2O_2 . There are three major families of superoxide dismutase, depending on the protein fold and the metal cofactor:

the Cu/Zn type used by eukaryotes (SOD1 human cytoplasm, SOD3 human extracellular) , Iron type (bacteria, chloroplasts) and Manganese type (bacteria,

mitochondria - as SOD2 in humans), and the Nickel type (prokaryotes).

UniProt ID: P00441

Source: Human erythrocytes

Molecular Weight: 16 kDa

Formulation: Lyophilized from 0.1 M KH₂PO₄, pH 7.5

Purity: >95% by SDS-PAGE analysis

Extinction Coefficient: $E^{0.1\%}_{280nm} = 0.584 > 95\%$ by SDS-PAGE analysis

Specific Activity: >50,000 units/mg protein

One unit is defined as the amount of enzyme which will inhibit by 50% the formation of a

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colorimetric indicator by O2-in a xanthine/xanthine oxidase coupled system.

Storage & Stability: Store at -20°C to -80°C for up to 1 year.

Infectious Disease

ease Prepared from whole blood shown to be non reactive for HbsAG, anti-HCV, anti-HBc,

Statement: and negative for anti-HIV 1 & 2 by FDA approved tests.

NOT FOR HUMAN USE. FOR RESEARCH ONLY. NOT FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

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