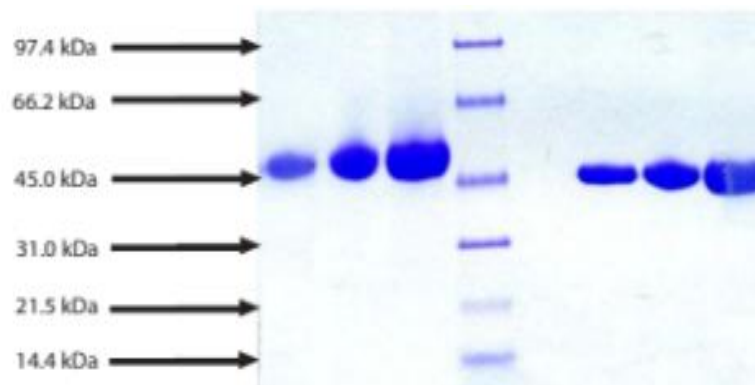


## GC

# Native Human Vitamin D-Binding Protein / GC-Globulin

<b>Catalog No.</b>	CRC119A CRC119B	<b>Quantity:</b>	1 mg 10 mg
<b>Alternate Names:</b>	Vitamin D-binding protein, DBP, GC-globulin, Gc protein-derived macrophage activating factor, Gc-MAF		
<b>Description:</b>	Vitamin D binding protein (GC-globulin) is a multifunctional protein that is well-conserved in the evolution of vertebrates and is genetically the oldest member of the albuminoid family (including albumin, $\alpha$ -fetoprotein and afamin, all involved in transport of fatty acids or hormones). GC-globulin is an alpha 2 glycoprotein, composed of a single polypeptide chain and present in plasma at levels of 20-55 mg/100 ml. It functions in the binding and transport of vitamin D and may also play an important role in actin homeostasis since it has been shown to bind monomeric actin with high affinity. GC-globulin also binds membranes of both circulating B and T lymphocytes. Concentrations are reduced in patients with severe liver diseases. GC-globulin may also play an important role in the mechanism of the osteomalacia that occurs with Itai-Itai disease.		
<b>UniProt ID:</b>	P02774		
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	56 kDa		
<b>Source:</b>	Human plasma		
<b>Formulation:</b>	Lyophilized from 20 mM $\text{NaH}_2\text{PO}_4$ , 0.15 M NaCl pH 7.4		
<b>Purity:</b>	$\geq 95\%$ as determined by SDS-PAGE.		
<b>Extinction Coefficient:</b>	$E^{0.1\%}_{280\text{nm}} = 0.63$		
<b>Storage &amp; Stability:</b>	Store at $-80^\circ\text{C}$ for up to 1 year or in working aliquots at $-80^\circ\text{C}$ . <b>Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.</b>		
<b>Infectious Disease Statement:</b>	Prepared from whole blood shown to be non-reactive for HBsAg, anti-HCV, anti-HBc, and negative for anti-HIV 1 & 2 by FDA approved tests.		

SDS-PAGE: 4-12% Bis-Tris NuPAGE



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