

## PLG Native Human Plasminogen Glu

Catalog No.	CRG128B CRG128C	Quantity:	1.0 mg 10 mg
Description:	Plasminogen (PLG) is a circulating zymogen that is converted to the active enzyme Plasmin by cleavage of the peptide bond between Arg-560 and Val-561, which is mediated by Urokinase (uPA/PLAU) and Tissue Plasminogen Activator (tPA/PLAT). The main function of Plasmin is to dissolve Fibrin blood clots. Plasmin, like Trypsin, belongs to the family of serine proteases Fibrin is a cofactor for Plasminogen activation by tPA. Urokinase Plasminogen Activator Receptor (uPAR) is a cofactor for Plasminogen activation by uPA. Plasmin is inactivated by Alpha-2-Antiplasmin, a serine protease inhibitor (serpin). Native Human Plasminogen Glu is the native form of plasminogen with N-terminal Glu.		
UniProt ID:	P00747		
Gene ID:	5340		
Source:	Human Plasma		
Molecular Weight:	92.0 kDa		
Formulation:	Liquid in 0.1 M HEPES, 0.1 M NaCl, pH 7.4		
Purification:	Immobilized Lysine chromatography		
Purity:	>95% by SDS-PAGE analysis		
Concentration:	$\geq$ 1.0 mg/ml, lot specific		
Extinction Coefficient:	$E^{0.1\%}_{280nm} = 1.69$		
Storage & Stability:	Store at -80°C for up to 1 year. Upon initial thaw, prepare working aliquots and store at -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.		
Certification:	Prepared from plasma shown to be non reactive for HbsAG, anti-HCV, anti-HBc, and negative for anti-HIV 1 & 2 by FDA approved tests.		

NOT FOR HUMAN USE. FOR RESEARCH ONLY. NOT FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

