

## LEPR

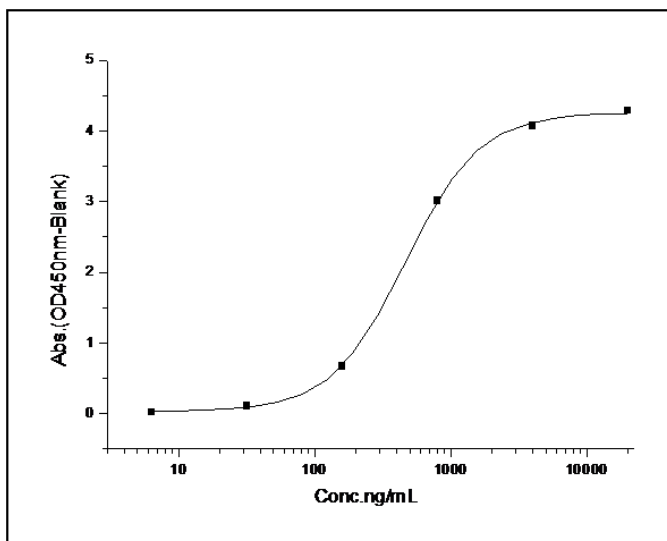
### Recombinant Human Leptin Receptor / CD295 (His & Fc Tag)

<b>Catalog No.</b>	CRH449A-HisFc CRH449B-HisFc	<b>Quantity:</b>	100 µg 200 µg
<b>Alternate Names:</b>	Leptin receptor, LEP-R, HuB219, OB receptor, OB-R, CD295		
<b>Description:</b>	<p>Leptin Receptor or CD295 belongs to the gp13 family of cytokine receptors that are known to stimulate gene transcription via activation of cytosolic STAT proteins. This protein is a receptor for leptin (an adipocyte-specific hormone that regulates body weight), and is involved in the regulation of fat metabolism, as well as in a novel hematopoietic pathway that is required for normal lymphopoiesis. Leptin Receptor/CD295 is a transmembrane catalytic receptors found on NPY/AgRP and alpha-MSH/CART neurons in hypothalamic nuclei. Leptin receptors (Ob-Rs) are coded for by one human gene that produces six different isoforms; Ob-Ra - Ob-Rf. Ob-Rs exist as constitutive dimers at physiological expression levels. Only the Ob-Rb isoform can transduce intracellular signals and does so through activation of the JAK2/STAT3, PI 3-K and MAPK signaling cascades. Activation of Ob-Rs mediates transcriptional regulation of the hypothalamic melanocortin pathway and downregulates endocannabinoid expression. Leptin acts via leptin receptors. Leptin resistance has been proposed as a pathophysiological mechanism of obesity. In obese individuals, Ob-Ra (which is involved in active transport of leptin across the blood-brain barrier) expression is downregulated and the individual may be unresponsive to leptin signals. Ob-R antagonists are of great interest in the development of pharmacological treatments for obesity. Mutations in Leptin Receptor/CD295 have been associated with obesity and pituitary dysfunction.</p>		
<b>UniProt ID:</b>	P48357		
<b>Accession Number:</b>	NP_002294.2		
<b>Protein Construction:</b>	A DNA sequence encoding the extracellular domain (Met 1-Asp 839) of human leptin receptor precursor was expressed with the C-terminal fused polyhistidine-tagged Fc region of human IgG1.		
<b>Source:</b>	HEK293 Cells		
<b>Formulation:</b>	<p>Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4</p> <p>Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization.</p>		
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	<p>The recombinant human LEPR/Fc is a disulfide-linked homodimeric protein. The reduced monomer consists of 1065 amino acids and has a predicted molecular mass of 121.4 kDa. In SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions, the apparent molecular mass of rh LEPR/Fc monomer is approximately 155-165 kDa due to glycosylation.</p>		
<b>Purity:</b>	> 95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE.		
<b>Endotoxin Level:</b>	< 1.0 EU per µg protein as determined by the LAL method.		

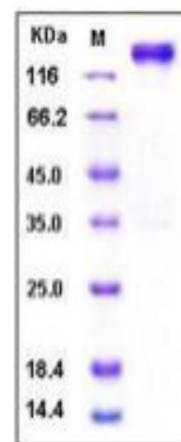


- Biological Activity:** Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA . Immobilized human Leptin at 1.25 µg/ml (100 µl/well) can bind human Leptin receptor with a linear range of 0.032-4.0 µg/ml .
- Predicted N-terminal:** Phe 22
- Reconstitution:** **Centrifuge vial prior to opening.** Add sterile distilled water to a concentration of 0.1 mg/mL and gently pipette the solution up and down the sides of the vial.  
**DO NOT VORTEX.** Allow several minutes for complete reconstitution.
- Storage & Stability:** Stable for up to 1 year from date of receipt at -20°C to -80°C  
After reconstitution, store working aliquots at -20°C to -80°C.  
**Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.**

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SDS-PAGE



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