

## VTN

### Recombinant Human Vitronectin (His Tag)

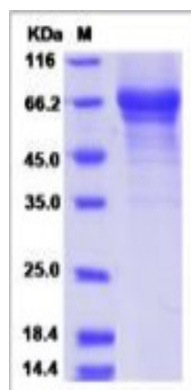
|                              |  |                  |                 |
|------------------------------|--|------------------|-----------------|
| <b>Catalog No.</b>           | CRH479A-His<br>CRH479B-His   | <b>Quantity:</b> | 50 µg<br>100 µg |
| <b>Alternate Names:</b>      | Vitronectin, VN, S-protein, Serum-spreading factor, V75, Vitronectin V65 subunit, Vitronectin V10 subunit, Somatomedin-B   |                  |                 |
| <b>Description:</b>          | <p>Vitronectin is a member of the pexin family. It is an abundant plasma glycoprotein found in serum the extracellular matrix and promotes cell adhesion and spreading. Vitronectin is a secreted protein and exists in either a single chain form or a cleaved, two chain form held together by a disulfide bond. Vitronectin is implicated as a regulator of diverse physiological process, including blood coagulation, fibrinolysis, pericellular proteolysis, complement dependent immune responses, and cell attachment and spreading. Because of its ability to bind platelet glycoproteins and mediate platelet adhesion and aggregation at sites of vascular injury, vitronectin has become an important mediator in the pathogenesis of coronary atherosclerosis. As a multifunctional protein with a multiple binding domain, Vitronectin interacts with a variety of plasma and cell proteins, binds multiple ligands, including the soluble vitronectin receptor. It may be an independent predictor of adverse cardiovascular outcomes following acute stenting.</p> |                  |                 |
| <b>UniProt ID:</b>           | P04004   |                  |                 |
| <b>Accession Number:</b>     | NP_000629.3  |                  |                 |
| <b>Protein Construction:</b> | A DNA sequence encoding the human VTN (Met1-Leu478) was expressed with a polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus.  |                  |                 |
| <b>Source:</b>               | HEK293 Cells   |                  |                 |
| <b>Formulation:</b>          | <p>Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4.</p> <p>Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization.</p>   |                  |                 |
| <b>Molecular Weight:</b>     | The recombinant human VTN consists 470 amino acids and predicts a molecular mass of 53.7 kDa.  |                  |                 |
| <b>Purity:</b>               | > 90 % as determined by SDS-PAGE   |                  |                 |
| <b>Endotoxin Level:</b>      | < 1.0 EU per µg protein as determined by the LAL method.   |                  |                 |
| <b>Biological Activity:</b>  | <p>Measured by the ability of the immobilized protein to support the adhesion of DU145 human prostate carcinoma cells.</p> <p>When cells are added to Vitronectin-coated plates (10 µg/mL and 100 µL/well), approximately &gt;40% cells will adhere specifically after 30 minutes at 37°C.</p>   |                  |                 |
| <b>Predicted N-terminal:</b> | Asp 20   |                  |                 |
| <b>Reconstitution:</b>       | <p><b>Centrifuge vial prior to opening.</b> Add sterile distilled water to a concentration of 0.1 mg/mL and gently pipette the solution up and down the sides of the vial.</p> <p><b>DO NOT VORTEX.</b> Allow several minutes for complete reconstitution.</p>   |                  |                 |



**Storage & Stability:**

Stable for up to 1 year from date of receipt at -20°C to -80°C  
After reconstitution, store working aliquots at -20°C to -80°C.  
**Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.**

SDS-PAGE



**NOT FOR HUMAN USE. FOR RESEARCH ONLY. NOT FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.**



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