

## IL1RN

### Recombinant Human Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist

<b>Catalog No.</b>	CRI134A CRI134B CRI134C	<b>Quantity:</b>	20 µg 100 µg 1.0 mg
<b>Alternate Names:</b>	ICIL-1RA, IL1 inhibitor, IL1F3, IRAP, IL-1 RA		
<b>Description:</b>	<p>Recombinant Human IL1RN is a single non-glycosylated polypeptide chain containing 152 amino acids.</p> <p>Background: Interleukin-1 receptor antagonist (IL-1ra) is a member of the IL-1 family. Endogenous IL-1ra is produced in numerous animal disease models as well as in human autoimmune and chronic inflammatory diseases. It binds to IL-1 receptors in competition with IL-1, but does not elicit intracellular response from this binding. Its role in counteracting the proinflammatory effects of IL-1 is being studied by numerous research groups. IL-4 and IL-13 have been shown to amplify the stimulatory effect of IL1-beta on the production of soluble and intracellular forms of IL1-ra. The regulated expression of IL-1ra in various cell types has been shown to be influenced by cytokines. In synovial fibroblasts the synthesis of IL-1ra is markedly enhanced by IL-1, TNF-alpha, or PDGF.</p>		
<b>GenelD:</b>	3557		
<b>Source:</b>	<i>E. coli</i>		
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	17.1 kDa		
<b>Formulation:</b>	Lyophilized from a sterile filtered solution in PBS, pH 7.4		
<b>Purity:</b>	>96% by HPLC and SDS-PAGE		
<b>Endotoxin Level:</b>	Less than 1 EU/µg of rHuIL-1RA as determined by LAL method.		
<b>Biological Activity:</b>	Fully biologically active when compared to standard. The ED <sub>50</sub> as determined by inhibiting IL-1α-dependent proliferation of murine D10S cells is less than 40 ng/ml, corresponding to a specific activity of $> 2.5 \times 10^4$ IU/mg in the presence of 50 pg/ml rHuIL-1α.		
<b>Specific Activity:</b>	$> 2.5 \times 10^4$ IU/mg		
<b>Amino Acid Sequence:</b>	RPSGRKSSKM QAFRIWDVNQ KTFYLRNNQL VAGYLQGPV NLEEKIDVVP IEPHALFLGI HGGKMCLSCV KSGDETRLQL EAVNITDLSE NRKQDKRFAF IRSDSGPTTS FESAACPGWF LCTAMEADQP VSLTNMPDEG VMVTKFYFQE DE		
<b>Reconstitution:</b>	<b>Centrifuge vial prior to opening.</b> Add sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/ml. Further dilutions should be made in appropriate buffered solutions.		
<b>Storage &amp; Stability:</b>	The lyophilized protein is stable at 2-8°C. Upon receipt, store desiccated at -20°C. After reconstitution, the preparation is stable for up to one week at 2-8°C. For maximal stability, apportion the reconstituted preparation into working aliquots and store at -20°C to -80°C. For long term storage of reconstituted protein, it is recommended that a carrier		



**Cell Sciences®**

65 Parker Street  
Unit 11

Newburyport, MA 01950

Toll Free: 888-769-1246

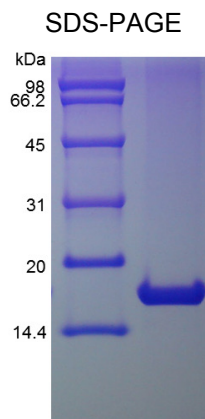
Phone: 978-572-1070

Fax: 978-992-0298

E-mail: [info@cellsciences.com](mailto:info@cellsciences.com)

Website: [www.cellsciences.com](http://www.cellsciences.com)

protein such as 0.1% BSA or HSA be added. This depends on the particular application.  
**Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.**



**NOT FOR HUMAN USE. FOR RESEARCH ONLY. NOT FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.**



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Unit 11  
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Phone: 978-572-1070  
Fax: 978-992-0298

E-mail: [info@cellsciences.com](mailto:info@cellsciences.com)  
Website: [www.cellsciences.com](http://www.cellsciences.com)