

Ifng

Recombinant Mouse Interferon gamma (Fc Tag)

| | | | |
|------------------------------|--|------------------|-----------------|
| Catalog No. | CRM683A-Fc CRM683B-Fc | Quantity: | 20 µg 100 µg |
| Alternate Names: | Interferon gamma, IFN-gamma | | |
| Description: | Interferon gamma is a secreted protein which belongs to the type I I interferon family. IFN-gamma is produced predominantly by natural killer and natural killer T cells as part of the innate immune response, and by CD4 and CD8 cytotoxic T lymphocyte effector T cells once antigen-specific immunity develops. IFN-gamma has antiviral, immunoregulatory, and anti-tumor properties. IFN-gamma, in addition to having antiviral activity, has important immunoregulatory functions, it is a potent activator of macrophages, and has antiproliferative effects on transformed cells and it can potentiate the antiviral and antitumor effects of the type I interferons. The IFN-gamma monomer consists of a core of six α -helices and an extended unfolded sequence in the C-terminal region. IFN-gamma is critical for innate and adaptive immunity against viral and intracellular bacterial infections and for tumor control. Aberrant IFN-gamma expression is associated with a number of autoinflammatory and autoimmune diseases. The importance of IFN-gamma in the immune system stems in part from its ability to inhibit viral replication directly, and most importantly from its immunostimulatory and immunomodulatory effects. IFN-gamma also promotes NK cell activity. | | |
| UniProt ID: | P01580 | | |
| Accession Number: | NP_032363.1 | | |
| Protein Construction: | A DNA sequence encoding the mouse IFNG (Met 1-Cys 155) was fused with the Fc region of human IgG1 at the C-terminus. | | |
| Source: | HEK293 Cells | | |
| Formulation: | Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4 Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. | | |
| Molecular Weight: | The secreted rmIFNG/Fc is a disulfide-linked homodimer. The reduced monomer consists of 374 aa with a predicted MW of 42.5 kDa and migrates at ~55 kDa in SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions, due to glycosylation. | | |
| Purity: | > 92 % as determined by SDS-PAGE. | | |
| Endotoxin Level: | < 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method | | |
| Biological Activity: | 1. Measured in antiviral assays using L929 cells infected with vesicular stomatitis virus (VSV). The ED50 for this effect is 2.5-15 ng/mL. 2. Measured by its ability to bind with recombinant mouse IFN γ R1-His in a functional ELISA. | | |
| Predicted N-terminal: | His 23 | | |



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Reconstitution:

Centrifuge vial prior to opening. Add sterile distilled water to a concentration of 0.1 mg/mL and gently pipette the solution up and down the sides of the vial.

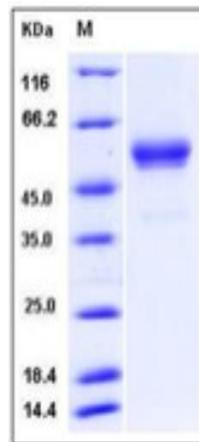
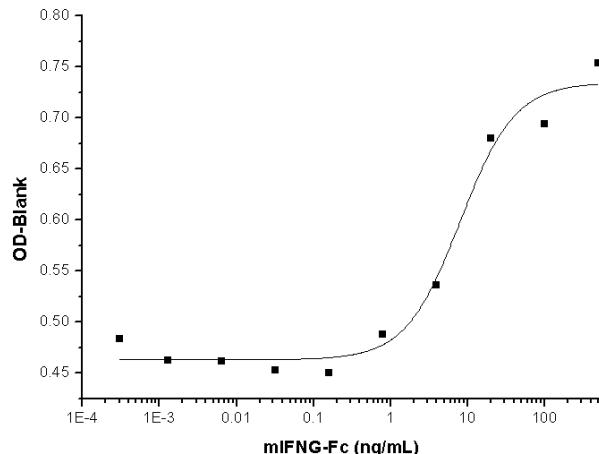
DO NOT VORTEX. Allow several minutes for complete reconstitution.

Storage & Stability:

Stable for up to 1 year from date of receipt at -20°C to -80°C
After reconstitution, store working aliquots at -20°C to -80°C.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Measured in antiviral assay using L929 cells infected with vesicular stomatitisvirus (VSV). The ED50 for this effect is typically 20-80 ng/mL.

SDS-PAGE

NOT FOR HUMAN USE. FOR RESEARCH ONLY. NOT FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.



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