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PGF

Recombinant Human Placenta Growth Factor-1 His-Tag

Catalog No. CRP203A **Quantity**: 5 μg

CRP203B 20 μg CRP203C 1.0 mg

Alternate Names: PIGF-1

Description: Human Placenta Growth Factor (PIGF) is a polypeptide growth factor and a member of

the platelet-derived growth factor family but more related to vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF). PIGF-1 acts only as a very weak mitogen for some endothelial cell types and as a potent chemoattractant for monocytes. The physiological function *in vivo* is still controversial. In several reports it was shown not to be a potent mitogen for endotehlial cells and not angiogenic *in vivo* by using different assays. Very recently it was shown by one investigator, that PIGF-1 from cell culture supernatants was angiogenic in the CAM assay and in the rabbit cornea assay. At least one high-affinity receptor for PIGF (FLT-1 or VEGF-R1) has been demonstrated in different primary cell types (e.g. human umbilical vein endothelial cells and monocytes) but PIGF does not bind to KDR/flk-1. Two different proteins can be generated by differential splicing of the human PIGF gene: PIGF-1 (131 aa native chain) and PIGF-2 (152 aa native chain). Both mitogens are secretable proteins, but PIGF-2 can bind to heparin with high affinity. PIGF-1 is a homodimer, but preparations of PIGF show some heterogeneity on SDS gels depending of the varying degrees of glycosylation. All dimeric forms posses a similar biological profile. There is

good evidence that heterodimeric molecules between VEGF and PIGF exists and that they are biologically active. Different cells and tissues (e.g. placenta) express PIGF-1 and PIGF-2 at different rates. Related proteins of PIGF are VEGF with about 53% homology

and VEGF-B with a similar biological activity.

UniProt ID P49763

Gene ID: 5228

Source: Insect cells

Molecular Weight: 19 kDa (139 aa) predicted

36.4 kDa, apparent due to glycosylation

Formulation: Lyophilized from a sterile filtered solution containing BSA as a stabilizer.

Purity: >95.0% as determined by SDS-PAGE analysis and visualized by silver stain

Endotoxin Level: <1 EU/µg

Biological Activity: Determined by its ability to bind to immobilized rh-sFlt-1 in a functional ELISA.

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Recombinant human PLGF-1 can bind to immobilized rh-sFlt-1 (100 ng/well) with a linear

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range at 0.5 - 10 ng/ml.

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Amino Acid Sequence: LPAVPPQQWALSAGNGSSEVEVVPFQEVWGRSYCRALERLVDVVSEYPSEVEHMFSP

SCVSLLRCTGCCGDENLHCVPVETANVTMQLLKIRSGDRPSYVELTFSQHVRCECRPL

REKMKPERCGDAVPRRTRHHHHHH

Reconstitution: Centrifuge vial prior to opening. Reconstitute with 50 mM Acetic Acid or PBS to a

concentration of not less than 100 μ g/ml. After complete solubilization of the protein, it can be further diluted into other buffered solutions such as PBS pH 7.0. 50 mM acetic

acid or

Storage & Stability: Lyophilized protein is stable for 1 year at -20°C to -80°C. Store reconstituted protein in

working aliquots at -20°C to -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

NOT FOR HUMAN USE. FOR RESEARCH ONLY. NOT FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

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