

Fabp1

Recombinant Mouse Fatty-Acid-Binding Protein

Catalog No. CS525A **Quantity**: 5 μg

CS525B 25 μg CS525C 1 mg

Alternate Names: Fabpl; L-FABP, fatty acid binding protein 1, liver

Description: The fatty-acid-binding proteins (FABPs) are a family of carrier proteins for fatty acids and

other lipophilic substances such as eicosanoids and retinoids. These proteins are thought to facilitate the transfer of fatty acids between extra- and intracellular membranes. Fatty acid-binding protein 1 (FABP1) encoded by the FABP1 gene, also known as liver-type fatty acid-binding protein (L-FABP), is a member of FABP family and it is a small, highly conserved, cytoplasmic proteins. In addition, FABP1 binds free fatty acids and their coenzyme A derivatives, bilirubin, and some other small molecules in the cytoplasm. Furthermore, it may be involved in intracellular lipid transport. Through amino acid sequence comparison, mouse FABP1 shares 84% and 94% as sequence identity with

Recombinant Mouse Fatty-Acid-Binding Protein is a single non-glycosylated polypeptide

chain containing 127 amino acids.

human and rat FABP1.

 Gene ID:
 14080

 Source:
 E. coli

Molecular Weight: Approximately 14.2 kDa

Formulation: Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered concentrated solution in PBS, pH 7.4 + 2% Trehalose.

Purity: >95% by SDS-PAGE and HPLC analyses. Endotoxin Level: <1 EU/µg as determined by LAL method.

Biological Activity: Fully biologically active when compared to standard. The binding affinity for the synthetic

ligand cis-parinaric acid has been measured by fluorescence titration. Half maximal fluorescence of 2.5 µM is achieved with approximately 5 µM cis-paranaric acid.

Amino Acid Sequence: MNFSGKYQLQ SQENFEPFMK AIGLPEDLIQ KGKDIKGVSE IVHEGKKIKL

TITYGPKVVR NEFTLGEECE LETMTGEKVK AVVKLEGDNK MVTTFKGIKS

VTELNGDTIT NTMTLGDIVY KRVSKRI

Reconstitution: Centrifuge vial prior to opening. Add sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer to a

concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/ml. Further dilutions should be made in appropriate buffered

solutions.

Storage & Stability: The lyophilized protein is stable at 2-8°C. Upon receipt, store desiccated at -20°C. After

reconstitution, the preparation is stable for up to one week at 2-8°C. For maximal stability, apportion the reconstituted preparation into working aliquots and store at -20°C to -80°C. For long term storage of reconstituted protein, it is recommended that a carrier protein such as 0.1% BSA or HSA be added. This depends on the particular application.

E-mail: info@cellsciences.com

Website: www.cellsciences.com

Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

NOT FOR HUMAN USE. FOR RESEARCH ONLY. NOT FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

Toll Free: 888-769-1246

Phone: 781-828-0610

Fax: 781-828-0542