

## Recombinant HIV-I pol Integrase His

Catalog No. CSI15813A Quantity: 100 µg

CSI15813B 0.5 mg CSI15813C 1.0 mg

**Description:** Integrase is an enzyme produced by the HIV which enables its genetic material to be

integrated into the DNA of the infected cell and is a key component in the pre-integration complex. HIV integrase contains 3 domains, an N-terminal HH-CC zinc finger domain which is partially responsible for multimerization, a central catalytic domain and a C-terminal domain. Both Central catalytic domain and C-terminal domains have been shown to bind both viral and cellular DNA. No crystal structure data exists with Integrase bound to its DNA substrates. HIV-1 integrase functions as a dimer or a tetramer.

Additionally, several host cellular proteins interact with integrase and may facilitate the

integration process.

The *E. coli* derived 26 kDa recombinant protein is a non-glycosylated polypeptide chain, containing the HIV-1 immunodominant regions from the pol protein (intergrase) and fused

with six histidines at the N-terminus

Source: E. coli

Molecular Weight: 26 kDa

**Formulation:** 1.5 M urea + 25 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0 + 0.2% Triton-X and 50% Glycerol.

**Purity:** Greater than 95.0% as determined by HPLC analysis and SDS-PAGE.

**Physical Appearance:** Sterile filtered colorless clear solution.

**Specific Activity:** Immunoreactive with all sera of HIV-1 infected individuals.

**Applications:** HIV-1 Integrase antigen is suitable for ELISA and Western blots, excellent antigen for

early detection of HIV seroconvertors with minimal specificity problems.

Storage & Stability: HIV-1 Integrase although stable at 4°C for 1 week, should be stored below -18°C.

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