

Recombinant Hemagglutinin-Influenza A Virus H3N2 Wyoming 3/2003

Catalog No. CSI15849A Quantity: 2 μg

CSI15849B 10 μg CSI15849C 100 μg

Description: H3N2 is a subtype of the influenza A virus. Its name derives from the forms of the two

kinds of proteins on the surface of its coat, hemagglutinin (H) and neuraminidase (N). H3N2 exchanges genes for internal proteins with other influenza subtypes. H3N2 has tended to dominate in prevalence over H1N1, H1N2, and influenza B. H3N2 strain descended from H2N2 by antigenic shift, in which genes from multiple subtypes reassorted to form a new virus. Both the H2N2 and H3N2 strains contained genes from

avian influenza viruses.

Recombinant Full-Length H3N2 A/Wyoming/2003/3 is glycosylated with N-linked sugars,

produced using baculovirus vectors in insect cells and its Mw is 70,000 dalton.

Source: Baculovirus Insect Cells

Molecular Weight: 70 kDa

Formulation: The Recombinant H3N2 A/Wyoming/2003/3 solution contains 10 mM Sodium phosphate,

pH 7.4 + 150 mM NaCl and 0.005% Tween-20.

Purity: Greater than 90.0% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

Accession Number: AY531033

Physical Appearance: Sterile Filtered colorless solution.

Storage & Stability: H3N2 A/Wyoming/2003/3 Recombinant should be stored at 4°C.

Immunological Activity: Western-Blot 0.1µg -1µg per strip

ELISA 1µg/Well.

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Toll Free: 888-769-1246

Phone: 781-828-0610

Fax: 781-828-0542

E-mail: info@cellsciences.com

Website: www.cellsciences.com