

LDHB

Native Human Total Lactate Dehydrogenase

Catalog No. CSI19673A Quantity: 10 U

CSI19673B 100 U

Alternate Names: LDHB, LDH-H, LAD, D, L-LDH,(S)-Lactate, HBD

Description: Lactate Dehydrogenase (LDH) is an enzyme present in a wide variety of organisms,

including plants and animals. Tissue breakdown elevates levels of LDH, and therefore a measure of it indicates, e.g., hemolysis. Other disorders indicated by elevated LDH

include cancer, meningitis, encephalitis, acute pancreatitis, and HIV.

Lactate Dehydrogenase(LDH) can also catalyze the oxidation of hydroxybutyrate, Lactate Dehydrogenase (LDH) is occasionally called Hydroxybutyrate Dehydrogenase (HBD). Determination of serum lacate dehydrogenase activity is one of the most frequently performed assays as an aid in the diagnosis of myocardial and pulmonary infarction. Other conditions, such as megaloblasic anemia, extensive carcinomatois, severe shock and hypoxia, granulocytic or acute anemia, hemolytic anemia, infectious mononucleosis, progressive muscular dystrophy, hepatitis, cirrhosis, obstructive jaundice, and in delirium

tremens are all caused increased activity of lacate dehydrogenase LDH activity.

Concentration: >15 mg Protein/ml

GenelD: 3945

Source: Human Heart

Molecular Weight: 136.7 kDa

Formulation: Ammonia Sulfate Suspension

Isotype: LD1, LD2, LD3, LD4, LD5 present, custom LD isoenzyme ratios available.

Biological Activity: >100 units/ml

EC Number: 1.1.1.27

Storage & Stability: Store at 2-4°C. Stable for 1 year from delivery. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Unit Definition:One unit will catalyze the transformation of one micromole of L-lactate to pyruvate per

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minute at 37C and pH 8.55.

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