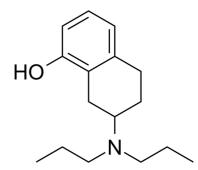


Data Sheet

Product Name: 8-OH-DPAT
Cat. No.: CS-0043224
CAS No.: 78950-78-4
Molecular Formula: C16H25NO
Molecular Weight: 247.38

Target: 5-HT Receptor

Pathway: GPCR/G Protein; Neuronal Signaling Solubility: DMSO : \geq 155 mg/mL (626.57 mM)



BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY:

8-OH-DPAT is a potent and selective **5-HT** agonist, with a **pIC**₅₀ of 8.19 for 5-HT1A and a K_i of 466 nM for 5-HT7; 8-OH-DPAT weakly binds to 5-HT1B (pIC₅₀, 5.42), 5-HT (pIC₅₀ <5). IC50 & Target: pIC50: 8.19 (5-HT1A)^[1]

Ki: 466 nM $(5\text{-HT7})^{[2]}$ **In Vitro**: 8-OH-DPAT is a potent and selective 5-HT agonist, with a pIC₅₀ of 8.19 for 5-HT1A; weakly binds to 5-HT1B (pIC₅₀, 5.42), 5-HT (pIC₅₀ <5)^[1]. 8-OH-DPAT has high affinity at 5-HT7 with a K_i of 466 nM, and does not bind to 5-HT6 or 5-HT4 ^[2]. **In Vivo**: 8-OH-DPAT (1 mg/kg) normalizes hypolocomotion, significantly increases wakefulness and reduces the duration of REM sleep without effect on the duration of non-REM sleep in the dark period in orexin knockout (KO) mice. 8-OH-DPAT shows no obvious effect on wakefulness or the duration of either REM sleep or non-REM sleep in WT mice. 8-OH-DPAT (1 mg/kg, s.c.) activates 5-HT1A receptor in orexin knockout mice^[3].

PROTOCOL (Extracted from published papers and Only for reference)

Animal Administration: 8-OH-DPAT is dissolved in saline^[3]. [3] Mice^[3]

The locomotor activity of **mice** is measured by an infrared sensor placed in individual home cages. To compare the locomotor activity in the light and dark periods, locomotor activity is monitored at 30-min intervals starting at 8:00 a.m. and 8:00 p.m., respectively. To measure the effects of psychostimulants (**8-OH-DPAT**, **1**, **3 mg/kg**, **s.c**; etc.) on locomotor activity in the dark period, all drugs are administered at 8:00 p.m., and locomotor activity is then measured through 3 h^[3].

References:

- [1]. DEREK N. MIDDLEMISS, et al. 8-HYDROXY-2-(DI-n-PROPYLAMINO)-TETRALIN DISCRIMINATES BETWEEN SUBTYPES OF
- [2]. Bard JA, et al. Cloning of a novel human serotonin receptor (5-HT7) positively linked to adenylate cyclase. J Biol Chem. 1993 Nov 5;268(31):23422-6.
- [3]. Mori T, et al. Narcolepsy-like sleep disturbance in orexin knockout mice are normalized by the 5-HT1A receptor agonist 8-OH-DPAT. Psychopharmacology (Berl). 2016 Jun;233(12):2343-53.

CAIndexNames:

1-Naphthalenol, 7-(dipropylamino)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-

SMILES:

OC1=C2CC(N(CCC)CCC)CCC2=CC=C1

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Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 732-484-9848 Fax: 888-484-5008 E-mail: sales@ChemScene.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA

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