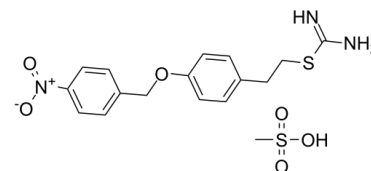


Data Sheet

Product Name:	KB-R7943 (mesylate)
Cat. No.:	CS-0848
CAS No.:	182004-65-5
Molecular Formula:	C ₁₇ H ₂₁ N ₃ O ₆ S ₂
Molecular Weight:	427.50
Target:	Autophagy; Na ⁺ /Ca ²⁺ Exchanger
Pathway:	Autophagy; Membrane Transporter/Ion Channel
Solubility:	DMSO : ≥ 27 mg/mL (63.16 mM); H ₂ O : 4.3 mg/mL (10.06 mM); Need warming)



BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY:

KB-R7943 mesylate is a widely used inhibitor of the reverse **Na⁺/Ca²⁺ exchanger** (NCX_{rev}) with IC₅₀ of 5.7±2.1 μM. KB-R7943 mesylate induces cancer cell death via activating the JNK pathway and blocking autophagic flux. IC₅₀ & Target: IC₅₀: 5.7±2.1 μM (Na⁺/Ca²⁺ exchanger)^[1] **In Vitro:** KB-R7943 mesylate blocks NMDAR-mediated ion currents, and inhibits NMDA-induced increase in cytosolic Ca²⁺ with IC₅₀=13.4±3.6 μM but accelerates calcium deregulation and mitochondrial depolarization in glutamate-treated neurons. KB-R7943 depolarizes mitochondria in a Ca²⁺-independent manner. KB-R7943 inhibits 2,4-dinitrophenol-stimulated respiration of cultured neurons with IC₅₀=11.4±2.4 μM. In addition to NCX_{rev}, KB-R7943 dose-dependently and reversibly blocked ion currents elicited by NMDA. KB-R7943 dose-dependently inhibits NMDA-induced increases in [Ca²⁺]_c with IC₅₀=13.4±3.6 μM confirming the inhibition of NMDA receptors observed in electrophysiological experiments^[1]. wtRyR1-HEK 293 pretreated with KB-R7943 (10 μM, 10 min) dissolved in the bulk perfusion exhibited significantly attenuated responses to caffeine. In this regard, KB-R7943 produced more pronounced inhibition of caffeine-induced Ca²⁺ release elicited by 1 mM compared with 0.5 and 0.75 mM (60 versus 58 versus 37%, p<0.05, respectively)^[2]. KB-R7943 inhibits both I_{hERG} and native I_{Kr} rapidly on membrane depolarization with IC₅₀ values of ~89 and ~120 nM, respectively, for current tails at -40 mV following depolarizing voltage commands to +20 mV. I_{hERG} inhibition by KB-R7943 exhibits both time- and voltage-dependence but shows no preference for inactivated over activated channels^[3].

PROTOCOL (Extracted from published papers and Only for reference)

Cell Assay: KB-R7943 mesylate is dissolved in DMSO and stored, and then diluted with appropriate medium before use^[2].^[2] EK 293 cells stably expressing the wtRyR1 (wtRyR1-HEK 293) are maintained in Dulbecco's modified Eagle's medium supplemented with 2 mM glutamine, 100 μg/mL streptomycin, 100 U/mL penicillin, 1 mM sodium pyruvate, and 10% fetal bovine serum at 37°C under 5% CO₂. wtRyR1-HEK 293 cells are loaded with 5 μM Fluo-4 acetoxymethyl ester at 37°C for 30 min to measure Ca²⁺ transients in an imaging buffer consisting of 140 mM NaCl, 5 mM KCl, 2 mM MgCl₂, 2 mM CaCl₂, 10 mM HEPES, and 10 mM glucose, pH 7.4, supplemented with 0.05% bovine serum albumin. The cells are washed three times with imaging buffer and additionally incubated for 20 min at room temperature. Dye-loaded cells are washed three times with imaging buffer and imaged with a charge-coupled device camera with a 40× objective lens attached to an IX-71 microscope. The sequence of images is captured and monitored using EasyRatioPro. Caffeine dissolved in the imaging buffer is focally applied for 15 s using AutoMate Scientific. KB-R7943 is dissolved in the imaging buffer, and wtRyR1-HEK 293 cells are incubated for 10 min before the application of caffeine^[2].

References:

[1]. Brustovetsky T, et al. KB-R7943, an inhibitor of the reverse Na⁺ /Ca²⁺ exchanger, blocks N-methyl-D-aspartate receptor and inhibits mitochondrial

complex I. Br J Pharmacol. 2011 Jan;162(1):255-70.

[2]. Barrientos G, et al. The Na⁺/Ca²⁺ exchange inhibitor 2-(2-(4-(4-nitrobenzyloxy)phenyl)ethyl)isothioureia methanesulfonate(KB-R7943) also blocks ryanodine receptors type 1 (RyR1) and type 2 (RyR2) channels. Mol Pharmacol. 2009 Sep;76(3):560-8.

[3]. Cheng H, et al. High potency inhibition of hERG potassium channels by the sodium-calcium exchange inhibitor KB-R7943. Br J Pharmacol. 2012 Apr;165(7):2260-73.

[4]. Long Z, et al. The reverse-mode NCX1 activity inhibitor KB-R7943 promotes prostate cancer cell death by activating the JNK pathway and blocking autophagic flux. Oncotarget. 2016;7(27):42059-70.

CAIndexNames:

Carbamimidothioic acid, 2-[4-[(4-nitrophenyl)methoxy]phenyl]ethyl ester, methanesulfonate (1:1)

SMILES:

NC(SCCC1=CC=C(OCC2=CC=C([N+](O-)=O)C=C2)C=C1)=N.CS(=O)(O)=O

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 732-484-9848 Fax: 888-484-5008 E-mail: sales@ChemScene.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA