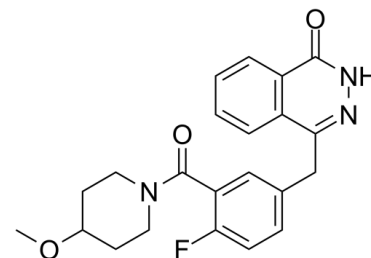


Data Sheet

Product Name:	AZD-2461
Cat. No.:	CS-1402
CAS No.:	1174043-16-3
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₂ H ₂₂ FN ₃ O ₃
Molecular Weight:	395.43
Target:	PARP
Pathway:	Cell Cycle/DNA Damage; Epigenetics
Solubility:	DMSO : ≥ 100 mg/mL (252.89 mM)



BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY:

AZD-2461 is a potent **PARP** inhibitor, with **IC₅₀s** of 5 nM, 2 nM and 200 nM for PARP1, PARP2 and PARP3, respectively. **IC₅₀ & Target:** IC₅₀: 5 nM (PARP1), 2 nM (PARP2), 200 nM (PARP3)^[1] **In Vitro:** AZD-2461 is a potent PARP inhibitor, with **IC₅₀s** of 5 nM, 2 nM and 200 nM for PARP1, PARP2 and PARP3, respectively. AZD-2461 (500 nM) shows inhibitory activity against DNA single-strand break repair in human A459 cells. AZD-2461 causes resistance and high P-gp expression levels in BRCA2-deficient mouse breast cancer line KB2P3.4^[1]. AZD-2461 is cytotoxic to BT-20 cells (5-50 μM), increases the proportions of S- and G2-phase BT-20 cells (5-20 μM), and weakly affects the progression of cell cycle in SKBr-3 cells (5-20 μM)^[2]. **In Vivo:** AZD-2461 (10 mg/kg, p.o.) enhances the antitumor activity of temozolomide in a mouse colorectal xenograft and exhibits low effect on mouse bone marrow cells. However, the increased bone marrow tolerability of AZD-2461 is not seen in rat models^[1]. AZD-2461 (0.5% v/w HPMC, p.o.) increases the survival of mice bearing KB1P tumors after short-term treatment, and long-term treatment is well tolerated, but can not lead to tumor eradication^[3].

PROTOCOL (Extracted from published papers and Only for reference)

Cell Assay: AZD-2461 is dissolved in DMSO.^[2] **BT-20** and **SKBr-3 human primary breast cancer cell lines** are used in the assay. SKBr-3 cells are cultivated in DMEM medium with 10% FCS and BT-20 in RPMI medium under an atmosphere containing 5% CO₂. Twenty four hours after plating (at 60-70% confluence), the cells are treated with the PARP-1 inhibitors NU1025, **AZD-2461**, iniparib, olaparib, and rucaparib at concentrations ranging from 50 to 200 μM, **5 to 50 μM**, 5 to 50 μM, 1 to 10 μM, and 0.3 to 10 μM, respectively, for durations indicated in figures 1-7^[2]. **Animal Administration:** AZD-2461 is diluted in 0.5% w/v hydroxypropyl methylcellulose in deionized water to a concentration of 10 mg/mL.^[3] Starting from 2 weeks after transplantation into **mice**, tumor size is monitored at least 3 times a week. All treatments are started when tumors reach a size of approximately 200 mm³. Olaparib (50 mg/kg intraperitoneally) and **AZD-2461 (100 mg/kg per os) are given for 28 consecutive days**, unless otherwise indicated. If tumors do not shrink below 50% of the initial volume, treatment is continued for another 28 days; otherwise, a new treatment cycle of 28 days is started when the relapsing tumor reaches a size of 100% of the original volume. **AZD-2461 is diluted in 0.5% w/v hydroxypropyl methylcellulose in deionized water to a concentration of 10 mg/mL^[3].**

References:

- [1]. Oplustil O'Connor L, et al. The PARP Inhibitor AZD2461 Provides Insights into the Role of PARP3 Inhibition for Both Synthetic Lethality and Tolerability with Chemotherapy in Preclinical Models. *Cancer Res.* 2016 Oct 15;76(20):6084-6094. Epub 2016 Aug 22.
- [2]. Węsierska-Gądek J, et al. Differential Potential of Pharmacological PARP Inhibitors for Inhibiting Cell Proliferation and Inducing Apoptosis in Human Breast Cancer Cells. *J Cell Biochem.* 2015 Dec;116(12):2824-39.

[3]. Jaspers JE, et al. Loss of 53BP1 causes PARP inhibitor resistance in Brca1-mutated mouse mammary tumors. Cancer Discov. 2013 Jan;3(1):68-81.

CAIndexNames:

1(2H)-Phthalazinone, 4-[[4-fluoro-3-[(4-methoxy-1-piperidiny)carbonyl]phenyl]methyl]-

SMILES:

O=C1NN=C(CC2=CC=C(F)C(C(N3CCC(OC)CC3)=O)=C2)C4=C1C=CC=C4

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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