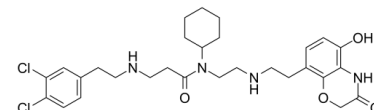


Data Sheet

Product Name:	AZ505
Cat. No.:	CS-1735
CAS No.:	1035227-43-0
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₉ H ₃₈ Cl ₂ N ₄ O ₄
Molecular Weight:	577.54
Target:	Histone Methyltransferase
Pathway:	Epigenetics
Solubility:	DMSO : ≥ 42 mg/mL (72.72 mM)



BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY:

AZ505 is a potent and selective **SMYD2** inhibitor with **IC₅₀** of 0.12 μ M. **IC₅₀ & Target:** IC₅₀: 0.12 μ M (SMYD2)^[1] **In Vitro:** AZ505 is highly selective and shows an activity at submicromolar concentrations in vitro. The IC₅₀ of AZ505 for SMYD2 is 0.12 μ M, which is >600-fold greater than the IC₅₀s of AZ505 for other histone methyltransferases, such as SMYD3 (IC₅₀>83.3 μ M), DOT1L (IC₅₀>83.3 μ M) and EZH2 (IC₅₀>83.3 μ M)^[1]. AZ505 is a potent and selective SMYD2 inhibitor with an IC₅₀ of 0.12 μ M. The human SMYD (SET and MYND domain-containing protein) family of protein lysine methyltransferases contains five members (SMYD1-5). Moreover, AZ505 fails to inhibit the enzymatic activities of a panel of protein lysine methyltransferases. AZ505 is nominated for ITC binding study with K_d of 0.5 μ M. In contrast, the calculated K_d for the p53 substrate peptide is 3.7 μ M. AZ505 binding to SMYD2 is driven primarily by entropy, which often suggests that binding is mediated by hydrophobic interactions with few specific hydrogen bonds^[2].

PROTOCOL (Extracted from published papers and Only for reference)

Kinase Assay: ^[2]SMYD2 is expressed in insect cells and purified. AlphaScreen technology is used to screen our chemical library for small molecule inhibitors of SMYD2. Methylation (12 μ L) reactions are carried out in TDT buffer (50 mM Tris-HCl [pH 9.0], 2 mM DTT, and 0.01% Tween 20) at room temperature using 1.25 nM SMYD2 protein, 200 nM SAM, and 100 nM biotinylated p53 peptide substrate (Biotin-aminohexanoyl-GSRAHSSHLKSKKGQSTRH) in low volume 384-well plates. Following a 75 min incubation period, reactions are quenched by the addition of 5 μ L of detection solution (20 mM HEPES [pH 7.4], 1.7 mg/mL BSA, 340 mM NaCl, 680 μ M SAH, 0.04 mg/mL Streptavidin-coated AlphaScreen donor, and Protein A-coated acceptor beads), and 1 nM of a custom p53K370me1 polyclonal antibody. Reaction plates are incubated overnight in the dark at room temperature, and read using an Envision 2101 Multi-label Reader. Compounds showing >50% inhibition of SMYD2 are nominated for concentration dose-response determination, and are also subjected to an artifact assay. Seven compound concentrations are selected beginning at 30 μ M with six half-log dilution steps. The artifact assay conditions are identical to those in the SMYD2 enzymatic activity assay, except for the absence of SMYD2 protein and the presence of 1 nM methylated p53 peptide. IC₅₀ values are calculated from dose-response data using in-house software^[2].

References:

- [1]. Komatsu S, et al. Overexpression of SMYD2 contributes to malignant outcome in gastric cancer. *Br J Cancer*. 2015 Jan 20;112(2):357-64.
- [2]. Ferguson AD, et al. Structural basis of substrate methylation and inhibition of SMYD2. *Structure*. 2011 Sep 7;19(9):1262-73.
- [3]. Li LX, et al. Lysine methyltransferase SMYD2 promotes cyst growth in autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease. *J Clin Invest*. 2017 Jun 30;127(7):2751-2764.

CAIndexNames:

Propanamide, N-cyclohexyl-3-[[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]amino]-N-[2-[[2-(3,4-dihydro-5-hydroxy-3-oxo-2H-1,4-benzoxazin-8-yl)ethyl]amino]ethyl]-

SMILES:

O=C(N(C1CCCCC1)CCNCCC2=C(OCC(N3)=O)C3=C(O)C=C2)CCNCCC4=CC=C(Cl)C(Cl)=C4

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 732-484-9848 Fax: 888-484-5008 E-mail: sales@ChemScene.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA