

## Product Information

### Magic™ Membrane Protein Human OR4C5 (Olfactory receptor family 4 subfamily C member

### 5) Expressed *in vitro* E.coli expression system, Full Length

Cat. No.: **MPX3319K**

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

This product is a Human OR4C5 membrane protein expressed *in vitro* E.coli expression system. The protein is for research use only and is not approved for use in humans or in clinical diagnosis.

#### Product Specifications

##### Host Species

Human

##### Target Protein

OR4C5

##### Protein Length

Full Length

##### Protein Class

GPCR

##### TMD

7

##### Sequence

MYVSNCPICAIHRKINYPNTKLDSEQVNNITEFILLGLTQNAEAQKLLFAVFTLIYFLTMVDNLIIVVTIT  
TSPALDSPVYFFLSFFSFIDGCSSTMAPKMIFDLLTEKKTISFSGCMTQLFVEHFFGGVEIILLVVMAY  
DCYVAICKPLYLITMNRQVCGLLVAMAWVGGLHALIQMLLIVWLPFCGPNVIDHFICDLFPLLKLST  
DTHVFGFLVAAANSGLMCMLIFSILITSYVLILCSQRKALSTCAFHITVVVLFVPCILVYLRPMITFPID  
KAVSVFYTVVTPMLNPLIYTLRNTEVKNAMKQLWSQIIWGNNLCD

#### Product Description

##### Expression Systems

*in vitro* E.coli expression system

##### Tag

10xHis tag at the N-terminus

##### Protein Format

Soluble

##### Form

Liquid or Lyophilized powder

**Buffer**

Tris/PBS-based buffer, 6% Trehalose, pH 8.0

**Storage**

Aliquot and store at -20°C or lower. For long term storage, we recommend to store at -70°C or lower. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

**Target****Target Protein**

OR4C5

**Full Name**

Olfactory receptor family 4 subfamily C member 5

**Introduction**

Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms. This olfactory receptor gene is a segregating pseudogene, where some individuals have an allele that encodes a functional olfactory receptor, while other individuals have an allele encoding a protein that is predicted to be non-functional.

**Alternative Names**

OR4C5; OR4C5P; OR4C5Q; olfactory receptor 4C5; Olfactory receptor family 4 subfamily C member 5

**Gene ID**

[79346](#)

**UniProt ID**

[Q8NGB2](#)