

Product Information

Parvovirus B19 VP2 Virus-like Particles (B19 VP2 VLPs)-HEK293

{AlternativeNames}

Cat. No.: **VLP-027YF**

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

Recombinant Parvovirus B19 Virus-like Particles (B19 VLPs) are produced in mammalian HEK293 expression system, assembled with VP2 structure protein. VLP is mimicking the native 3D structure of viruses which can elicit strong immune responses. However, VLPs lack viral genomic material which makes them non-infectious, unable to replicate and enhance the safety during manufacture and administration. B19 VLPs can be used in the development of B19 diagnostics and in vaccine development and R&D (including use as an immunogen).

Product Specifications

Structural Proteins

Capsid proteins VP2

Expression Systems

HEK293 expression system

Purity

>95%

Buffer

20mM Tris NaCl, pH7.9, 10mM NaCl containing <0.1% PEG-8000

Form

Liquid

Alternative Names

Parvovirus B19 VP2 Virus-like Particles; B19 VP2 VLPs; VLPs; Virus-like Particles; erythrovirus B19 virus; Parvovirus B19 Virus; B19 Virus; B19 Virus-like Particles

Storage

Store at 4°C short term (2-4 weeks). Store at -80 °C long term. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Virus Background

Virus Family

Parvoviridae

Virus Species

Primate erythroparvovirus 1

Virus Overview

Erythroviruses belong to the Parvoviridae family of small DNA viruses. It is a non-enveloped, icosahedral virus that contains a single-stranded linear DNA genome of approximately 5,600 base pairs in length. The infectious particles may contain either positive or negative strands of DNA. The icosahedral capsid consists of 60 capsomeres, consisting of two structural proteins, VP1 (83 kDa) and VP2 (58 kDa), which are identical except for 227 amino acids at the amino-terminal of the VP1-protein, the so-called VP1-unique region. VP2 is the major capsid protein, and comprises approximately 95% of the total virus particle. VP1-proteins are incorporated into the capsid structure in a non-stoichiometrical relation (based on antibody-binding analysis and X-ray structural analysis the VP1-unique region is assumed to be exposed at the surface of the virus particle. At each end of the DNA molecule there are palindromic sequences which form "hairpin" loops. The hairpin at the 3' end serves as a primer for the DNA polymerase. It is classified as an erythrovirus because of its capability to invade red blood cell precursors in the bone marrow. Three genotypes (with subtypes) have been recognised.

Virus Structure

Non-enveloped, single-stranded linear DNA

Related Disease

Fifth disease, AIDS, Arthritis and arthralgias, Aplastic crisis, Hydrops fetalis