

Rabbit monoclonal antibody to Human SOD1.

CABT-37098RH Rabbit(SOD1) Lot. No. (See product label)

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product Overview Rabbit monoclonal antibody to Human SOD1.

Antigen Description The protein encoded by this gene binds copper and zinc ions and is one of two isozymes responsible

for destroying free superoxide radicals in the body. The encoded isozyme is a soluble cytoplasmic protein, acting as a homodimer to convert naturally-occuring but harmful superoxide radicals to molecular oxygen and hydrogen peroxide. The other isozyme is a mitochondrial protein. Mutations in this gene have been implicated as causes of familial amyotrophic lateral sclerosis. Rare transcript

variants have been reported for this gene.

Target SOD1

A synthetic peptide corresponding to residues in human Superoxide Dismutase 1 **Immunogen**

Host Rabbit IgG Isotype species Human Clone FQS2837

Purification Tissue culture supernatant **Applications** ICC/IF, IHC-P, IP, WB

Sequence similarities Belongs to the Cu-Zn superoxide dismutase family.

Cellular localization Cytoplasm. The pathogenic variants ALS1 Arg-86 and Ala-94 gradually aggregates and accumulates

in mitochondria.

PACKAGING

Format

Buffer Preservative: 0.01% Sodium AzideConstituents: 40% Glycerol, 0.05% BSA, 0.15M Sodium chloride,

50mM Tris glycine, pH 7.4

Store at -20°C. Stable for 12 months at -20°C Storage

ANTIGEN GENE INFORMATION

Gene Name SOD1 superoxide dismutase 1, soluble [Homo sapiens]

Official Symbol SOD1

Synonyms

SOD1; superoxide dismutase 1, soluble; ALS, ALS1, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis 1 (adult); superoxide dismutase [Cu-Zn]; IPOA; ALS; ALS1; Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis 1 adult; Cu/Zn SOD; Cu/Zn superoxide dismutase; Homodimer; hSod1; Indophenoloxidase A; IPOA; Mn superoxide dismutase; SOD; SOD soluble; SOD1; SOD2; SODC_HUMAN; Superoxide dismutase [Cu-Zn]; Superoxide dismutase 1; Superoxide dismutase 1 soluble; Superoxide dismutase Cu Zn; Superoxide dismutase cystolic; SOD, soluble; OTTHUMP00000107278; OTTHUMP00000107279;

indophenoloxidase A; Cu/Zn superoxide dismutase; superoxide dismutase, cystolic; ALS; SOD; ALS1;

hSod1; homodimer;

GeneID 6647



mRNA Refseq NM_000454

Protein Refseq NP_000445

MIM 147450 **UniProt ID** P00441 Chromosome Location 21q22.11

Pathway Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS), organism-specific biosystem; Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS),

conserved biosystem; FOXA1 transcription factor network, organism-specific biosystem; Folate Metabolism, organism-specific biosystem; Hemostasis, organism-specific biosystem; Huntingtons

disease, organism-specific biosystem; Huntingtons disease, conserved biosystem;

Function

chaperone binding; copper ion binding; metal ion binding; oxidoreductase activity; protein binding; protein homodimerization activity; protein phosphatase 2B binding; superoxide dismutase activity; zinc

ion binding;

REFERENCES

1. Dysregulation of astrocyte-motoneuron cross-talk in mutant superoxide dismutase 1-related amyotrophic lateral sclerosis. Ferraiuolo L, et al. Brain, 2011 Sep.

- 2. Differential involvement of optineurin in amyotrophic lateral sclerosis with or without SOD1 mutations. Deng HX, et al. Arch Neurol, 2011 Aug.
- 3. Spinal inhibitory interneuron pathology follows motor neuron degeneration independent of glial mutant superoxide dismutase 1 expression in SOD1-ALS mice. Hossaini M, et al. J Neuropathol Exp Neurol, 2011 Aug.