

Rat Anti-Mouse L-Selectin (CD62L) Monoclonal antibody, clone Mel-14 (CABT-L4296)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product Overview	The Mel-14 monoclonal antibody reacts with mouse CD62L also known as L-selectin and MEL- 14.
Target	Mouse L-Selectin (CD62L)
Immunogen	C3H/eb mouse B lymphoma 38C-13
Isotype	IgG2a, к
Source/Host	Rat
Species Reactivity	Mouse
Clone	Mel-14
Purification	Protein G purified. Purity>95%. Determined by SDS-PAGE
Conjugate	Functional Grade
Applications	in vivo CD62L neutralization
Molecular Weight	150 kDa
Format	0.2 μ M filtered liquid. Purified from tissue culture supernatant in an animal free facility
Concentration	Lot specific
Size	5 mg
Buffer	PBS, pH 7.0. Contains no stabilizers or preservatives. [low endotoxin azide-free]

45-1 Ramsey Road, Shirley, NY 11967, USA

Email: info@creative-diagnostics.com

Tel: 1-631-624-4882 Fax: 1-631-938-8221

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	Endotoxin level: <2EU/mg (<0.002EU/µg). Determined by LAL gel clotting assay Related dilution buffer: CABT-LB04
Preservative	None
Storage	The antibody solution should be stored undiluted at 4°C, and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.
Ship	Wet ice

BACKGROUND

Introduction	The Mel-14 monoclonal antibody reacts with mouse CD62L also known as L-selectin and MEL- 14. CD62L is a 76 kDa glycoprotein and a member of the selectin family that is expressed by neutrophils, monocytes, the majority of naïve T and B cells, a subset of memory T cells, NK cells, and most thymocytes. CD62L is a cell adhesion molecule that binds to many glycoprotein ligands including CD34, GlyCAM-1, MAdCAM-1, and PSGL-1 and acts as a "homing receptor" for lymphocytes to enter secondary lymphoid tissues via high endothelial venules. The Mel-14 monoclonal antibody reacts with mouse CD62L also known as L-selectin and MEL-14. CD62L is a 76 kDa glycoprotein and a member of the selectin family that is expressed by neutrophils, monocytes, the majority of naïve T and B cells, a subset of memory T cells, NK cells, and most thymocytes. CD62L is a cell adhesion molecule that binds to many glycoprotein ligands including CD34, GlyCAM-1, MAdCAM-1, and PSGL-1 and acts as a "homing receptor" for lymphocytes to enter secondary lymphoid tissues via high endothelial venules.
Keywords	SELL;L-selectin;LAM-1;LECAM1;lymph node homing receptor;leukocyte adhesion molecule 1;lymphocyte adhesion molecule 1;CD62 antigen-like family member L;selectin L (lymphocyte adhesion molecule 1);leukocyte-endothelial cell adhesion molecule 1;

GENE INFORMATION

Official Symbol	selectin L
Synonyms	SELL; L-selectin; LAM-1; LECAM1; lymph node homing receptor; leukocyte adhesion molecule 1; lymphocyte adhesion molecule 1; CD62 antigen-like family member L; selectin L (lymphocyte adhesion molecule 1); leukocyte-endothelial cell adhesion molecule 1;
References	Brinkman, C. C., et al. (2016). "Treg engage lymphotoxin beta receptor for afferent lymphatic transendothelial migration." Nat Commun 7: 12021. PubMed;