

Rabbit Anti-ITGB3 Polyclonal Antibody

CPB-631RH Rabbit(ITGB3)

Lot. No. (See product label)

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product Overview	Rabbit Anti-ITGB3 Polyclonal Antibody
Antigen Description	Integrin alpha-V/beta-3 is a receptor for cytotactin, fibronectin, laminin, matrix metalloproteinase-2, osteopontin, osteomodulin, prothrombin, thrombospondin, vitronectin and von Willebrand factor. Integrin alpha-IIb/beta-3 is a receptor for fibronectin, fibrinogen, plasminogen, prothrombin, thrombospondin and vitronectin. Integrins alpha-IIb/beta-3 and alpha-V/beta-3 recognize the sequence R-G-D in a wide array of ligands. Integrin alpha-IIb/beta-3 recognizes the sequence H-H-L-G-G-A-K-Q-A-G-D-V in fibrinogen gamma chain. Following activation integrin alpha-IIb/beta-3 brings about platelet/platelet interaction through binding of soluble fibrinogen. This step leads to rapid platelet aggregation which physically plugs ruptured endothelial surface. In case of HIV-1 infection, the interaction with extracellular viral Tat protein seems to enhance angiogenesis in Kaposi's sarcoma lesions.
specificity	The antibody detects endogenous level of ITGB3 only when phosphorylated at tyrosine 773.
Target	ITGB3
Immunogen	Peptide sequence around phosphorylation site of tyrosine 773 (P-L-Y(p)-K-E) derived from Human ITGB3.
Host	Rabbit
Species	Human
Cross Reactivity	Human; Mouse
conjugation	N/A
Applications	WB,IHC

PACKAGING

Format	Supplied at 1.0mg/mL in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg ²⁺ and Ca ²⁺), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl,0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.
Storage	Store at -20°C/1 year

ANTIGEN GENE INFORMATION

Gene Name	ITGB3 integrin, beta 3 (platelet glycoprotein IIIa, antigen CD61) [Homo sapiens]
Official Symbol	ITGB3
Synonyms	ITGB3; integrin, beta 3 (platelet glycoprotein IIIa, antigen CD61); GP3A; integrin beta-3; CD61; GPIIIa; platelet glycoprotein IIIa; platelet membrane glycoprotein IIIa; GT; BDPLT2;
GeneID	3690
mRNA Refseq	NM_000212
Protein Refseq	NP_000203
UniProt ID	P05106
Chromosome Location	17q21.32

Pathway

Arf6 signaling events, organism-specific biosystem; Arrhythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy (ARVC), organism-specific biosystem; Arrhythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy (ARVC), conserved biosystem; Axon guidance, organism-specific biosystem; Cell surface interactions at the vascular wall, organism-specific biosystem; Developmental Biology, organism-specific biosystem; Dilated cardiomyopathy, organism-specific biosystem;

Function

cell adhesion molecule binding; identical protein binding; integrin binding; platelet-derived growth factor receptor binding; protein binding; protein disulfide isomerase activity; receptor activity; vascular endothelial growth factor receptor 2 binding; vascular endothelial growth factor receptor 2 binding;