

Cimaterol, HRP conjugate

DAG1056

Lot. No. (See product label)

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product overview Cimaterol, HRP conjugate

Antigen Description β-agonists are compounds having a stimulatory effect on β-adrenergic receptors and are used in

human and veterinary medicine as bronchodilatory agents. The group includes drugs such as clenbuterol, carbuterol, salbutamol, methylclenbuterol, brombuterol, terbutaline, mabuterol, pirbuterol and mapenterol. The metabolism of β -agonists is dependent on the chemical properties of each drug, with excretion reported in bile, urine, faeces and milk. Accumulation of β -agonists has been reported in

tissues including liver, kidney and pigmented tissue e.g. retina.

Source growth Promoters

Conjugate HRP

Form concentrate

Characteristic Each conjugate comprises antigen covalently bound to horseradish peroxide and is suitable as a

tracer in immunoassay development

PACKAGING

Storage Can be stored at 2-8°C for up to 3 months and at -20°C for longer term storage.

BACKGROUND

Introduction Cimaterol (INN) is a beta-adrenergic agonist. β -agonists are compounds having a stimulatory effect on

 β -adrenergic receptors and are used in human and veterinary medicine as bronchodilatory agents. The group includes drugs such as clenbuterol, carbuterol, salbutamol, methylclenbuterol, brombuterol, terbutaline, mabuterol, pirbuterol and mapenterol. The metabolism of β -agonists is dependent on the chemical properties of each drug, with excretion reported in bile, urine, faeces and milk. Accumulation of β -agonists has been reported in tissues including liver, kidney and pigmented tissue e.g. retina.

Keywords Cimaterol; (RS)-2-amino-5-[1-hydroxy-2-(isopropylamino)ethyl]benzonitrile; beta-adrenergic agonist.

REFERENCES

1. Smith, DJ. The pharmacokinetics, metabolism and tissue residues of beta-adrenergic agonists in livestock. J. Anim. Sci. 1998, 76:173-194.