

L-Glutamate, G-BSA-conjugated

DAG3311 chemosynchetic Lot. No. (See product label)

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product overview L-Glutamate, G-BSA-conjugated

Description L-Glutamate, Conjugated

Species chemosynchetic

Specificity L-Glutamate conjugated with glutaraldehyde (G) and bovine serum albumin (BSA).

Conjugate G-BSA

Form Lyophilized (1 mg); Lyophilized and reconstituted in deionized water (250 µg)

Applications immunohistochemistry and immunocytochemistry

Usage This antigen was used to produce a polyclonal antibody.

Quality Control Test 250 micrograms, 1 milligram

PACKAGING

Storage Store at -20°C for one year. Reconstitute with deionized H2O + 0.1% merthiolate (optional

preservative). This solution is stable at +4°C for 15 days.

BACKGROUND

Introduction Glutamic acid is one of the 20-22 proteinogenic amino acids, and its codons are GAA and GAG. It is a

non-essential amino acid. The carboxylate anions and salts of glutamic acid are known as glutamates.

In neuroscience, glutamate is an important neurotransmitter that plays a key role in long-term

potentiation and is important for learning and memory.

Keywords Glutamic acid; Glu; E; glutamates; D-Glutaminsure; d-glutamicaci

REFERENCES

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- 2. Meldrum, B. S. (2000). "Glutamate as a neurotransmitter in the brain: Review of physiology and pathology". The Journal of nutrition 130 (4S Suppl): 1007S–1015S.