

# Apramycin, BSA-conjugate

DAG4463 chemosynthetic Lot. No. (See product label)

### PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product overview Apramycin, BSA-conjugate

The apramycin sulfate and BSA (bovine serum albumin) (10 mg each) are conjugated by EDC method Description

in 0.1 M MES pH 5.0. One or more of the four amine groups in the apramycin are directly linked to

carboxyl group(s) in the BSA without any linker by EDC conjuga

**Species** chemosynthetic

**BSA** Conjugate

**Applications** The apramycin, BSA-conjugate has been shown to be recognized by apramycin-specific

antibodies by ELISA and lateral flow based immunoassay, respectively.

Usage Used as capture antigen for the detection of anti-apramycin antibodies and as immunogen for the

generation of apramycin antibodies.

Notes for research use only

#### **PACKAGING**

Storage Keep below -20°C for up to 1 year. Avoid repeated freeze-and-thaw. For short term storage (< 3

weeks) keep at 4°C.

Concentration 2.0 mg/ml

Buffer BSA(in 20 mM PBS, pH 7.4)

## **BACKGROUND**

Apramycin stands out among aminoglycosides for its mechanism of action which is based on blocking Introduction

translocation and its ability to bind also to the eukaryotic decoding site despite differences in key residues required for apramycin recognition by the bacterial target. The drug binds in the deep groove of the RNA which forms a continuously stacked helix comprising non-canonical C.A and G.A base pairs and a bulged-out adenine. The binding mode of apramycin at the human decoding-site RNA is distinct from aminoglycoside recognition of the bacterial target, suggesting a molecular basis for the

actions of apramycin in eukaryotes and bacteria.

Apramycin; Nebramycin II; 3,7-trideoxy-7-(methylamino)-d-glycero-alpha-d-allo-octadialdo-1,5:8,4-dipyra; apralan; nebramycinfactor2; 4-O-((8R)-2-Amino-8-O-(4-amino-4-deoxy-alpha-D-glucopyranosyl)-2,3,7-trideoxy-7-(methylamino)-D-glycero-alpha-D-allo-octod Keywords

# **REFERENCES**

1. Ryden, R; Moore (1977). "BJ". J Antimicrob Chemother 3 (6): 609-613. doi:10.1093/jac/3.6.609. PMID 340441.