

Streptomycin, KLH-conjugate

DAG4488 chemosynthetic Lot. No. (See product label)

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product overview Streptomycin, KLH-conjugate

The streptomycin sulfate salt and KLH (keyhole limpet hemocyanin) (10 mg each) are conjugated by Description

EDC method in 0.1 M MES pH 5.0. One or both of the two amine groups in the streptomycin are

directly linked to carboxyl group(s) in the KLH without any linker

Species chemosynthetic

KLH Conjugate

Applications The streptomycin, KLH-conjugate has been successfully used as an immunogen in inducing

streptomycin specific antibodies in mice.

Usage Used as immunogen for the generation of anti-streptomycin antibodies.

Notes for research use only

PACKAGING

Storage Keep below -20°C for up to 1 year. Avoid repeated freeze-and-thaw. For short term storage (< 3

weeks) keep at 4°C.

Concentration Approximately 2.0 mg/ml Buffer KLH(in 20 mM PBS, pH 7.4)

BACKGROUND

Streptomycin is an antibiotic drug, the first of a class of drugs called aminoglycosides to be discovered, and was the first antibiotic remedy for tuberculosis. It is derived from the actinobacterium Introduction

Streptomyces griseus. Streptomycin is a bactericidal antibiotic. Streptomycin cannot be given orally, but must be administered by regular intramuscular injections. An adverse effect of this medicine is

ototoxicity, nephrotoxicity, fetal auditory toxicity and neuromuscular paralysis.

Keywords Streptomycin; 2,4-Diguanidino-3,5,6-trihydroxycyclohexyl 5-deoxy-2-O-(2-deoxy-2-methylamino-a-

glucopyranosyl)-3-formylpentofuranoside; Agrimycin; Neodiestreptopab; NSC 14083; Streptomycin (base and/or unspecified derivatives); O-2-deoxy-2-methylamino-a-L-

REFERENCES

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2. Singh B, Mitchison DA (16 January 1954). "Bactericidal Activity of Streptomycin and Isoniazid Against Tubercle Bacilli". British Medical Journal 1 (4854): 130-132. doi:10.1136/bmj.1.4854.130. PMC 2084433. PMID 13106497.