



Recombinant SARS-CoV-2 Spike Protein Receptor Binding Domain [hFc] (DAGC173)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product Overview	A DNA sequence encoding the receptor binding domain (RBD) of SARS-CoV-2 spike was expressed with the Fc region of human IgG1 at the C-terminus.
Species	coronavirus
Purity	> 95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE.
Conjugate	hFc
Molecular Weight	52 KDa
Endotoxin	<1.0 EU per μg protein as determined by the LAL method.
Format	Liquid
Size	100 μg
Buffer	20mM Sodium Citrate
Preservative	None
Storage	Store it under sterile conditions at -20°C to -80°C. It is recommended that the protein be aliquoted for optimal storage. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

BACKGROUND

Introduction The spike (S) glycoprotein of coronaviruses contains protrusions that will only bind to certain

receptors on the host cell: they are essential for both host specificity and viral infectivity. The term 'peplomer' is typically used to refer to a grouping of heterologous proteins on the virus

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surface that function together. The spike (S) glycoprotein of coronaviruses is known to be essential in the binding of the virus to the host cell at the advent of the infection process. Most notable is severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS). The severe acute respiratory syndrome-coronavirus (SARS-CoV) spike (S) glycoprotein alone can mediate the membrane fusion required for virus entry and cell fusion. It is also a major immunogen and a target for entry inhibitors. The SARS-CoV spike (S) protein is composed of two subunits; the S1 subunit contains a receptor-binding domain that engages with the host cell receptor angiotensin-converting enzyme 2 and the S2 subunit mediates fusion between the viral and host cell membranes. The S protein plays key parts in the induction of neutralizing-antibody and T-cell responses, as well as protective immunity, during infection with SARS-CoV.

Keywords

SARS-CoV-2; coronavirus; SARS-CoV-2 spike RBD; SARS-CoV-2 spike protein