



Rabbit Anti-Dystrophin monoclonal antibody, clone KG2-133 (DCABH-4298)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Target	Dystrophin
Immunogen	Recombinant protein
Isotype	IgG
Source/Host	Rabbit
Species Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Clone	KG2-133
Purification	Protein A purified.
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Applications	WB, IHC
Molecular Weight	427 kDa
Cellular Localization	Cell membrane, Cytoplasm, Cell junction.
Positive Control	Mouse skeletal muscle tissue, mouse brain tissue.
Format	Liquid
Size	100 µl
Buffer	1×TBS (pH7.4), 1% BSA, 40% Glycerol.
Preservative	0.05% Sodium Azide

Storage

Store at +4°C after thawing. Aliquot store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles.

BACKGROUND

Introduction

Dystrophin-glycoprotein complex (DGC) connects the F-Actin cytoskeleton on the inner surface of muscle fibers to the surrounding extracellular matrix, through the cell membrane interface. A deficiency in this protein contributes to Duchenne (DMD) and Becker (BMD) muscular dystrophies. The human dystrophin gene measures 2.4 megabases, has more than 80 exons, produces a 14 kb mRNA and contains at least eight independent tissue-specific promoters and two poly A sites. The dystrophin mRNA can undergo differential splicing and produce a range of transcripts that encode a large set of proteins. Dystrophin represents approximately 0.002% of total striated muscle protein and localizes to triadic junctions in skeletal muscle, where it is thought to influence calcium ion homeostasis and force transmission.

Keywords

BMD;CMD3B;DMD;DMD_HUMAN;Duchenne muscular dystrophy protein;Dystrophin;Muscular dystrophy Duchenne and Becker types antibody
