

Rabbit Anti-GAPDH Monoclonal Antibody

DMAB35346 Rabbit(GAPDH) Lot. No. (See product label)

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product Overview Rabbit Anti-GAPDH Monoclonal Antibody

Antigen Description GAPDH (Glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase) has both glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate

dehydrogenase and nitrosylase activities, thereby playing a role in glycolysis and nuclear functions, respectively. It participates in nuclear events including transcription, RNA transport, DNA replication and apoptosis. GAPDH is a key enzyme in glycolysis that catalyzes the first step of the pathway by converting D-glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate (G3P) into 3-phospho-D-glyceroyl phosphate.

specificity A synthetic peptide corresponding to residues in human GAPDH was used as an immunogen.

Target **GAPDH** Rabbit Host Human species Clone **EPR6256**

Conjugation N/A

WB,ICC,IP,Flow Cyt **Applications**

MolecularWeight 35kDa

Usage WB: 1:10,000 - 50,000 ICC: 1:250 - 500 recommendation

IP: 1:10 - 100 Flow Cyt: 1:10 - 100

PACKAGING

Buffer Antibody buffer, sodium azide, glycerol, and BSA. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.

Store at -20 °C. Storage

Size 100ul

Warning Species cross-reactivity is based on WB analysis.

ANTIGEN GENE INFORMATION

Gene Name GAPDH glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase [Homo sapiens]

Official Symbol **GAPDH**

Synonyms GAPDH; glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase; GAPD; aging-associated gene 9 protein;

peptidyl-cysteine S-nitrosylase GAPDH; G3PD; MGC88685;

GeneID 2597

mRNA Refseq NM_001256799 Protein Refseq NP_001243728

MIM 138400



UniProt ID P04406 Chromosome Location 12p13.31

Pathway

Alzheimers disease, organism-specific biosystem; Alzheimers disease, conserved biosystem; Androgen Receptor Signaling Pathway, organism-specific biosystem; Gluconeogenesis, organism-specific biosystem; Gluconeogenesis, oxaloacetate => fructose-6P, organism-specific biosystem; Gluconeogenesis, oxaloacetate =>

NAD binding; NADP binding; glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase (NAD+) (phosphorylating) activity; glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase (NAD+) (phosphorylating) activity; oxidoreductase activity; peptidyl-cysteine S-nitrosylase activity; protein binding; transferase activity; **Function**

REFERENCES

1. The UniProt Consortium. The Universal Protein Resource (UniProt). Nucleic Acids Res. 38:D190-D195 (2010)