



# KCNJ1 Antibody

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| <b>Product Code</b>        | CSB-PA012047GA01HU   |
| <b>Abbreviation</b>        | KCNJ1  |
| <b>Storage</b>             | Upon receipt, store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze.  |
| <b>Uniprot No.</b>         | P48048   |
| <b>Immunogen</b>           | Human KCNJ1  |
| <b>Raised In</b>           | Rabbit   |
| <b>Species Reactivity</b>  | Human,Mouse,Rat  |
| <b>Tested Applications</b> | ELISA,WB   |
| <b>Storage Buffer</b>      | PBS with 0.02% Sodium Azide, 50% Glycerol, pH 7.3. -20°C, Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.  |
| <b>Purification Method</b> | Antigen Affinity purified  |
| <b>Isotype</b>             | IgG  |
| <b>Alias</b>               | potassium inwardly-rectifying channel, subfamily J, member 1;KCNJ1;KIR1.1;ROMK;ROMK1 ;   |
| <b>Product Type</b>        | Purified Rabbit Anti human PolyClonal Antibody   |
| <b>Species</b>             | Homo sapiens (Human)   |
| <b>Target Names</b>        | KCNJ1  |
| <b>Target Details</b>      | Potassium channels are present in most mammalian cells, where they participate in a wide range of physiologic responses. This protein is an integral membrane protein and inward-rectifier type potassium channel. It is activated by internal ATP and probably plays an important role in potassium homeostasis. The encoded protein has a greater tendency to allow potassium to flow into a cell rather than out of a cell. Mutations in this gene have been associated with antenatal Bartter syndrome, which is characterized by salt wasting, hypokalemic alkalosis, hypercalciuria, and low blood pressure. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. |