Histone H3R8me1 Antibody

Product Code	CSB-PA122678
Storage	Upon receipt, store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze.
Uniprot No.	GeneID:8290SwissProt:Q16695
Immunogen	A synthetic methylated peptide corresponding to residues surrounding R8 of Human histone H3
Raised In	Rabbit
Species Reactivity	Human,Mouse,Rat
Tested Applications	ELISA,WB,IHC,IF,ChIP;WB:1:500-1:2000,IHC:1:50-1:200,IF:1:50-1:200,ChIP:1: 50-1:200
Relevance	 Modulation of chromatin structure plays an important role in the regulation of transcription in eukaryotes. The nucleosome, made up of DNA wound around eight core histone proteins (two each of H2A, H2B, H3, and H4), is the primary building block of chromatin (1). The amino-terminal tails of core histones undergo various post-translational modifications, including acetylation, phosphorylation, methylation, and ubiquitination (2-5). These modifications occur in response to various stimuli and have a direct effect on the accessibility of chromatin to transcription factors and, therefore, gene expression (6). In most species, histone H2B is primarily acetylated at Lys5, 12, 15, and 20 (4,7). Histone H3 is primarily acetylated at Lys9, 14, 18, 23, 27, and 56. Acetylation of H3 at Lys9 appears to have a dominant role in histone deposition and chromatin assembly in some organisms (2,3). Phosphorylation at Ser10, Ser28, and Thr11 of histone H3 is tightly correlated with chromosome condensation during both mitosis and meiosis (8-10). Phosphorylation at Thr3 of histone H3 is highly conserved among many species and is catalyzed by the kinase haspin. Immunostaining with phospho-specific antibodies in mammalian cells reveals mitotic phosphorylation at Thr3 of H3 in prophase and its dephosphorylation during anaphase (11). 1. Workman, J.L. and Kingston, R.E. (1998) Annu Rev Biochem 67, 545-79. 2. Hansen, J.C. et al. (1998) Biochemistry 37, 17637-41. 3. Strahl, B.D. and Allis, C.D. (2000) Nature 403, 41-5. 4. Cheung, P. et al. (2000) Cell 103, 263-71. 5. Bernstein, B.E. and Schreiber, S.L. (2002) Chem Biol 9, 1167-73. 6. Jaskelioff, M. and Peterson, C.L. (2003) Nat Cell Biol 5, 395-9. 7. Thorne, A.W. et al. (1997) Chromosoma 106, 348-60. 9. Goto, H. et al. (1997) Chromosoma 106, 348-60. 9. Goto, H. et al. (1999) J Biol Chem 274, 25543-9. 10. Preuss, U. et al. (2003) Nucleic Acids Res 31, 878-85. 11. Dai, J. et al. (2005)
Form	Putter DPS with 0.02% and up aride 50% alward pHZ 2

Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.



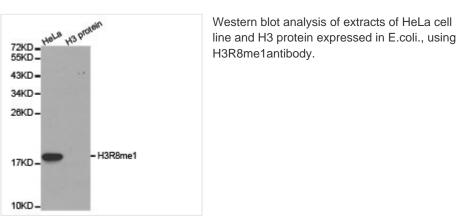
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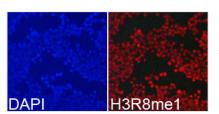


Purification Method	Antigen Affinity Purified
Clonality	Polyclonal
Alias	HIST1H3J; H3/j; H3FJ; Histone H3.1; Histone H3/a; Histone H3/b; Histone H3/c; Histone H3/d; Histone H3/f; Histone H3/h; Histone H3/I; HistoneH3/j; Histone H3/k; Histone H3/I; HIST3H3;
Product Type	Polyclonal Antibody
Target Names	HIST3H3

Image



Dot-blot analysis of all sorts of methylation peptides using H3R8me1 antibody.



Immunofluorescence analysis of 293T cell using H3R8me1 antibody. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.

Product Modify

R8me1

H3R2

me1 me2/ me2/ me2/

me1 me2/ me2/ нзки

H3R17