

Relevance

**Form** 







## Phospho-RAF1 (Thr269) Antibody

Product Code	CSB-PA299750
Storage	Upon receipt, store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze.
Uniprot No.	P04049
Immunogen	Peptide sequence around phosphorylation site of threonine269 (S-T-T(p)-L-P) derived from Human C-RAF.
Raised In	Rabbit
Species Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Specificity	The antibody detects endogenous levels of C-RAF only when phosphorylated at threonine 269.
<b>Tested Applications</b>	ELISA,IHC;IHC:1:50-1:100

Serine/threonine-protein kinase that acts as a regulatory link between the membrane-associated Ras GTPases and the MAPK/ERK cascade, and this critical regulatory link functions as a switch determining cell fate decisions including proliferation, differentiation, apoptosis, survival and oncogenic transformation. RAF1 activation initiates a mitogen-activated protein kinase (MAPK) cascade that comprises a sequential phosphorylation of the dualspecific MAPK kinases (MAP2K1/MEK1 and MAP2K2/MEK2) and the extracellular signal-regulated kinases (MAPK3/ERK1 and MAPK1/ERK2). The phosphorylated form of RAF1 (on residues Ser-338 and Ser-339, by PAK1) phosphorylates BAD/Bcl2-antagonist of cell death at 'Ser-75'. Phosphorylates adenylyl cyclases: ADCY2, ADCY5 and ADCY6, resulting in their activation. Phosphorylates PPP1R12A resulting in inhibition of the phosphatase activity. Phosphorylates TNNT2/cardiac muscle troponin T. Can promote NF-kB activation and inhibit signal transducers involved in motility (ROCK2), apoptosis (MAP3K5/ASK1 and STK3/MST2), proliferation and angiogenesis (RB1). Can protect cells from apoptosis also by translocating to the mitochondria where it binds BCL2 and displaces BAD/Bcl2-antagonist of cell death. Regulates Rho signaling and migration, and is required for normal wound healing. Plays a role in the oncogenic transformation of epithelial cells via repression of the TJ protein, occludin (OCLN) by inducing the up-regulation of a transcriptional repressor SNAI2/SLUG, which induces down-regulation of OCLN. Restricts caspase activation in response to selected stimuli, notably Fas stimulation, pathogen-mediated macrophage apoptosis, and erythroid differentiation.

The MGC Project Team; Genome Res. 14:2121-2127(2004). Olsen J.V., Cell 127:635-648(2006).

Mott H.R., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 93:8312-8317(1996).

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg2+ and Ca2+), pH 7.4,

150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.

Antibodies were produced by immunizing rabbits with synthetic phosphopeptide **Purification Method** 



## **CUSABIO TECHNOLOGY LLC**



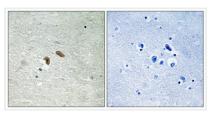


and KLH conjugates. Antibodies were purified by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific phosphopeptide. Non-phospho specific antibodies were removed by chromatogramphy usi

Clonality	Polyclonal
Alias	C-RAF; C-Raf; CRAF; RAF-1;
Product Type	Polyclonal Antibody
Species	Homo sapiens (Human)
Target Names	RAF1

**Image** 

**Target Names** 



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffinembedded human brain tissue using C-RAF (Phospho-Thr269) antibody (left)or the same antibody preincubated with blocking peptide (right).

**Product Modify** 

Phospho-Thr269