



Recombinant Human X-ray repair cross-complementing protein 5 (XRCC5), partial

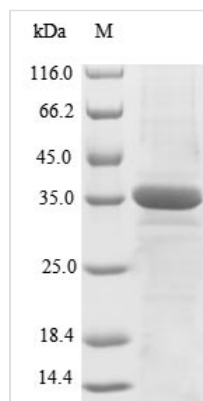
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| Product Code | CSB-EP026233HUb1 |
| Relevance | Single-stranded DNA-dependent ATP-dependent helicase. Has a role in chromosome translocation. The DNA helicase II complex binds preferentially to fork-like ends of double-stranded DNA in a cell cycle-dependent manner. It works in the 3'-5' direction. Binding to DNA may be mediated by XRCC6. Involved in DNA non-homologous end joining (NHEJ) required for double-strand break repair and V(D)J recombination. The XRCC5/6 dimer acts as regulatory subunit of the DNA-dependent protein kinase complex DNA-PK by increasing the affinity of the catalytic subunit PRKDC to DNA by 100-fold. The XRCC5/6 dimer is probably involved in stabilizing broken DNA ends and bringing th together. The assbly of the DNA-PK complex to DNA ends is required for the NHEJ ligation step. In association with NAA15, the XRCC5/6 dimer binds to the osteocalcin promoter and activates osteocalcin expression. The XRCC5/6 dimer probably also acts as a 5'-deoxyribose-5-phosphate lyase (5'-dRP lyase), by catalyzing the beta-elimination of the 5' deoxyribose-5-phosphate at an abasic site near double-strand breaks. XRCC5 probably acts as the catalytic subunit of 5'-dRP activity, and allows to 'clean' the termini of abasic sites, a class of nucleotide damage commonly associated with strand breaks, before such broken ends can be joined. The XRCC5/6 dimer together with APEX1 acts as a negative regulator of transcription. |
| Storage | The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself. Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C. |
| Uniprot No. | P13010 |
| Product Type | Recombinant Protein |
| Immunogen Species | Homo sapiens (Human) |
| Purity | Greater than 85% as determined by SDS-PAGE. |
| Sequence | LTIGSNLSIRIAAYKSILQERVKKTWTVVDAKTLKKEDIQKETVYCLNDDDETEVL KEDIQGFYRGSDIVPFSKVDEEQMKYKSEGKCFSVLGFCCKSSQVQRRFFMGN QVLKVFAARDDEAAVALSSLIHALDDLDMVAIVRYAYDKRANPQVGVAFFPHIK HNYECLVYVQLPFMEDLRQYMFSSLKNSKKYAPTEAQLNAVD |
| Lead Time | 3-7 business days |
| Research Area | Epigenetics and Nuclear Signaling |
| Source | E.coli |
| Gene Names | XRCC5 |
| Protein Names | 86KDA subunit of Ku antigen;ATP-dependent DNA helicase 2 subunit 2ATP-dependent DNA helicase II 80KDA subunitCTC box-binding factor 85KDA subunit ;CTC85 ;CTCBFDNA repair protein XR;CC5Ku80Ku86Lupus Ku |



autoantigen protein p86Nuclear factor IVThyroid-lupus

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|----------------------------|---|
| Expression Region | 251-455aa |
| Notes | Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week. |
| Tag Info | N-terminal 10xHis-tagged and C-terminal Myc-tagged |
| Mol. Weight | 30.4 kDa |
| Protein Description | Partial |

Image



(Tris-Glycine gel) Discontinuous SDS-PAGE (reduced) with 5% enrichment gel and 15% separation gel.

Reconstitution

We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration) and aliquot for long-term storage at -20°C/-80°C. Our default final concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference.